What do these remind





https://genesisapologetics.com/debunking-evolutionseries/



Lawrence Krauss





https://www.barna.com/research/six-reasons-young-christians-leave-church/ September 27, 2011

L. arth Distance: 35970 km Radius: 6378,1 km Apparent diameter: 17° 19' 29',3' Phase angle: 6,8' Rotition period: 23',934 hours:

This is a 'story' about lesus. It is His Story.

I call it HisStory.

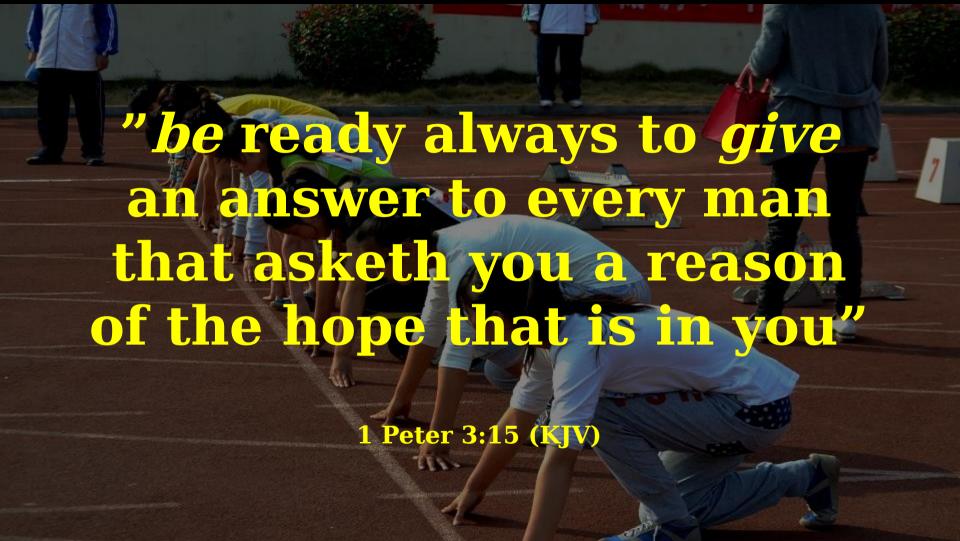
Some call it history.

FPS: 42,6

FOV 18* 54* 35

- Start with a Question
- Theory
- Nasa, TPL, CalTech
- Bible
- Magnitude of TheFlood
- Fred McNabb Fred M

- Mid-Oceanic ridges
- Science catches up
- Pacific continent
- Do an Experiment
- Atmospheric changes
- Giants
- Perspective



TheFlood

Where did that water come from?

TheFlood

Genesis 7 and Genesis 8

God destroyed the sinful world with a flood. He saved 8 people, and all the animals needed to Frece populate the earth.

In the six hundredth year of Noah's life, in the second month, the seventeenth day of the month, the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up, and the windows of heaven were Opened. Genesis 7:11 (KJV)

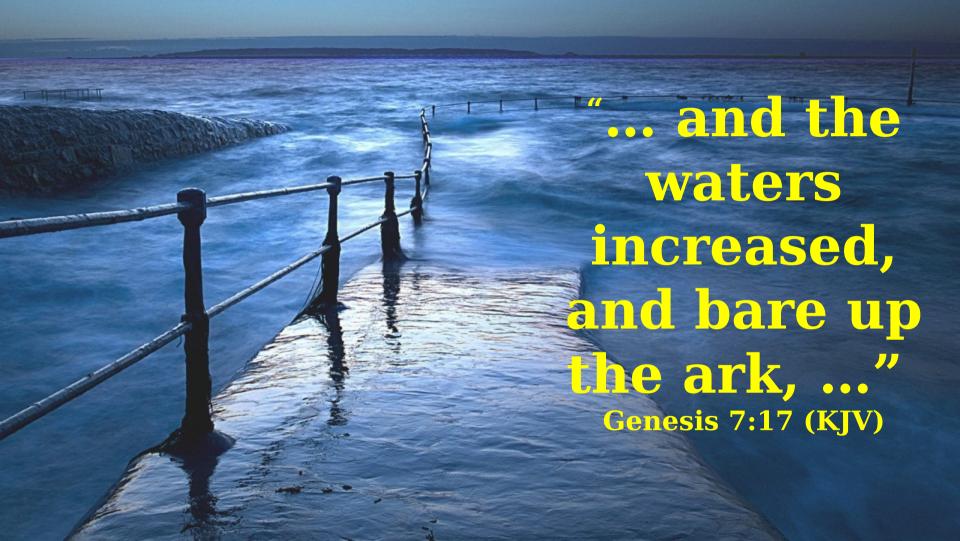
First: all the fountains of the great deep are broken up

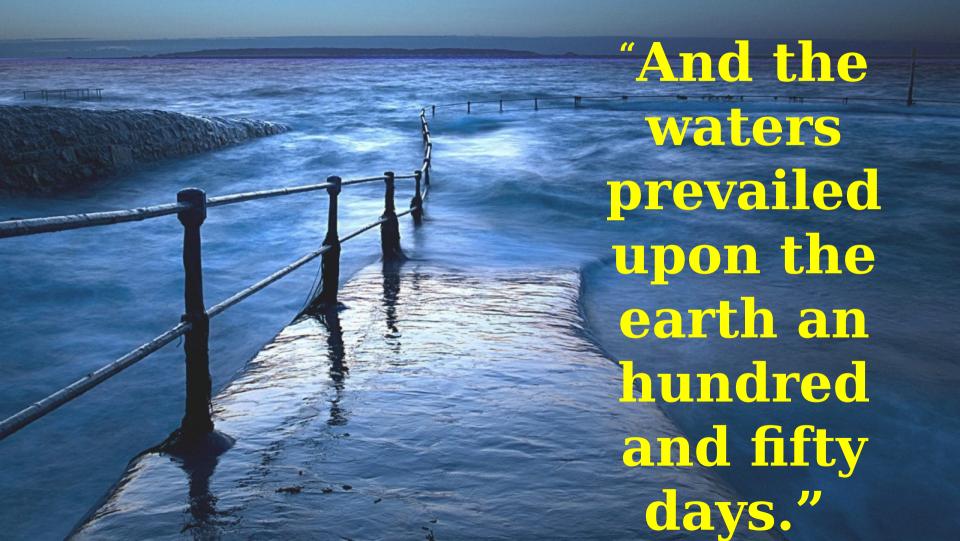
Then: the windows of heaven were opened.

Genesis 7:11 (KJV)

"And the rain was upon the earth forty days and forty nights." Genesis 7:12 (KJV)





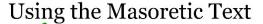


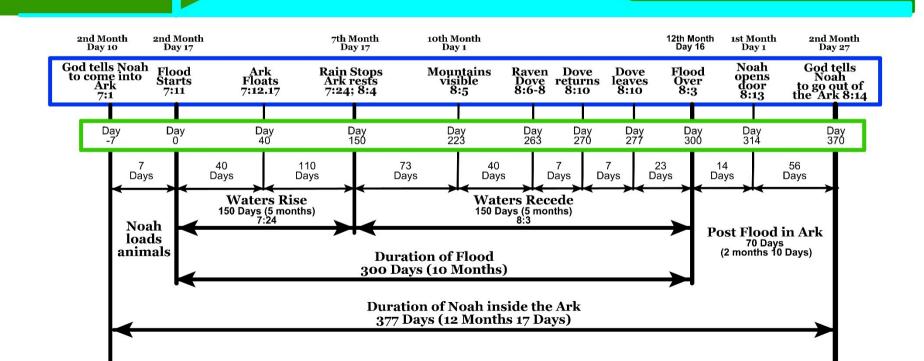


"Fifteen cubits upward did the waters prevail; and the mountains were covered."

• Genesis 7:20 (KJV)

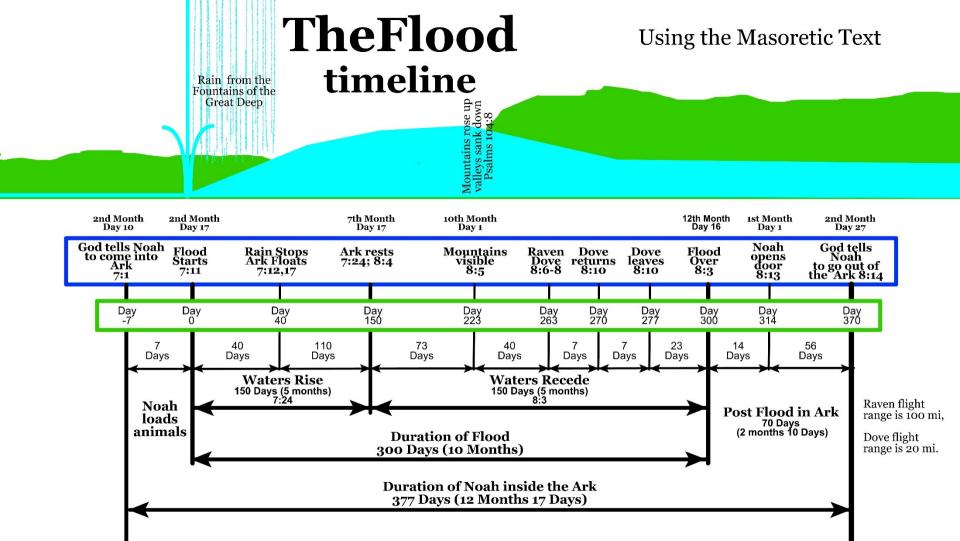
TheFlood timeline





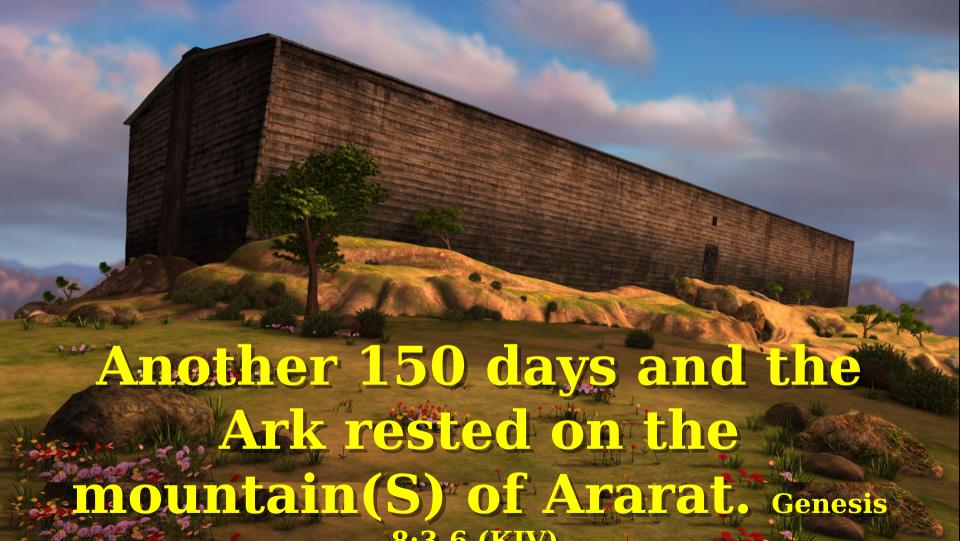






"The mountains rose, the valleys sank down..." Psalms 104:8 (ESV)

And the waters ran off.







Sky



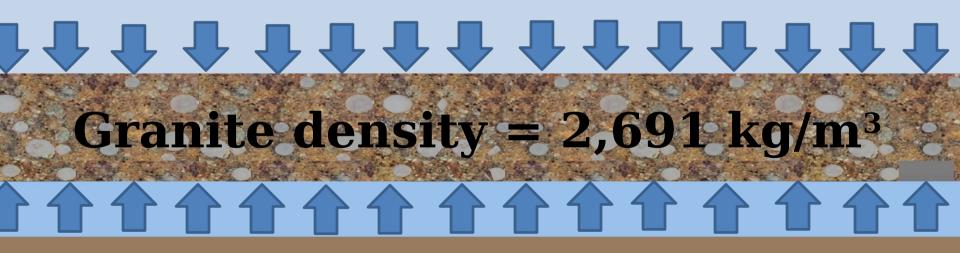
Fountains of the Great Deep

BASALT

Granite density is 2,691 kg/m³
60 miles = 95,560.64 1 m² of granite at 60 miles depth is 294,149 lbs/in²

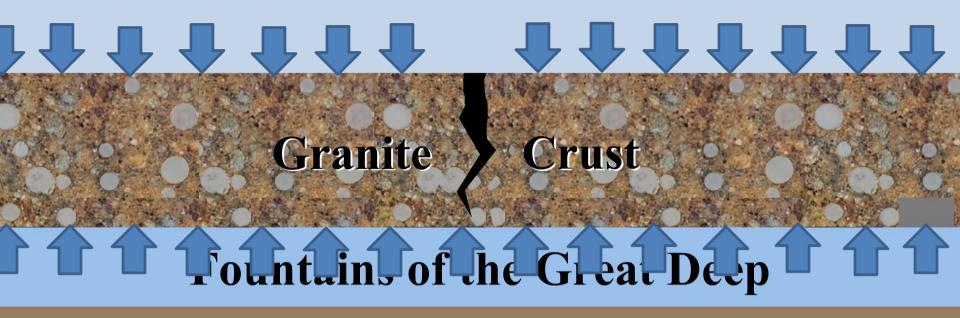
Fred McNabb

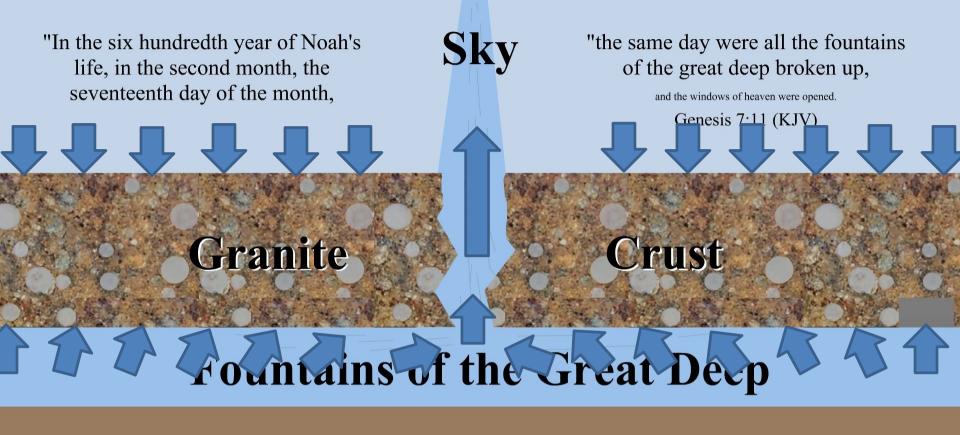
The weight of the Earth's granite shell compresses the subterranean water chambers.



He "stretched out the earth above the waters" Psalm 136:6 (KJV)

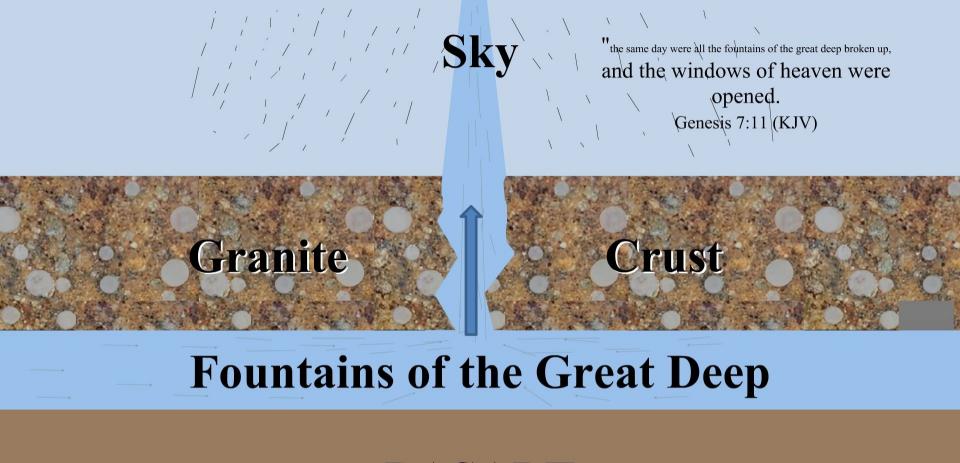


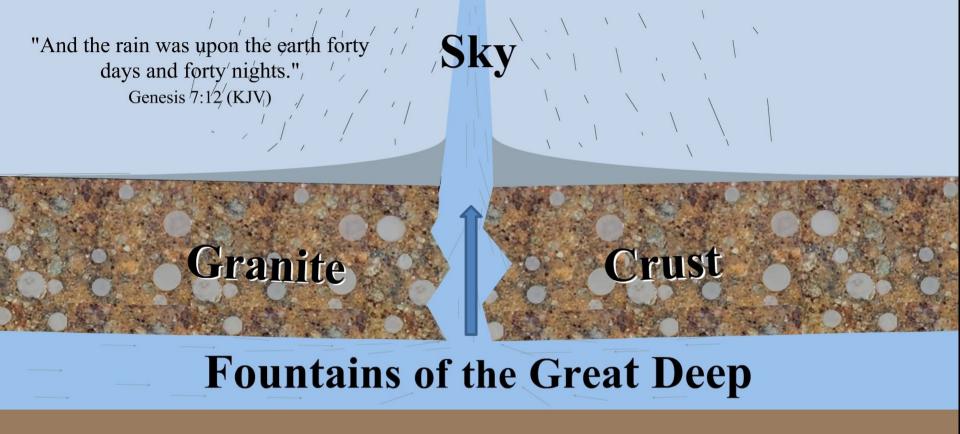


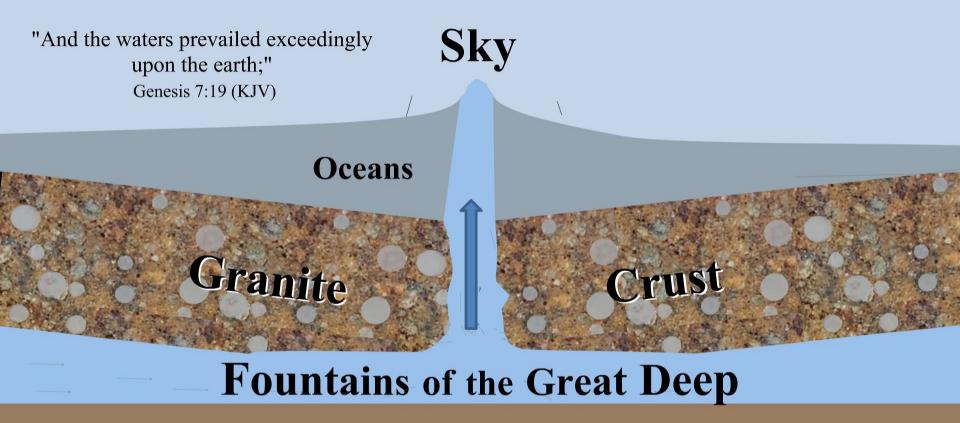












BASALT

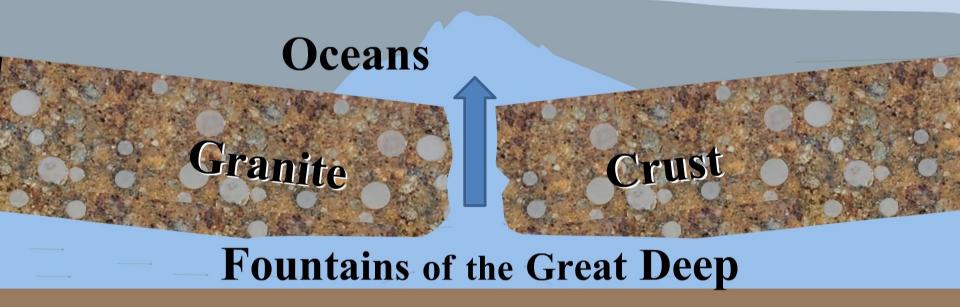


"...and all the high hills, that were under the whole heaven, were covered." Genesis 7:19 (KJV)

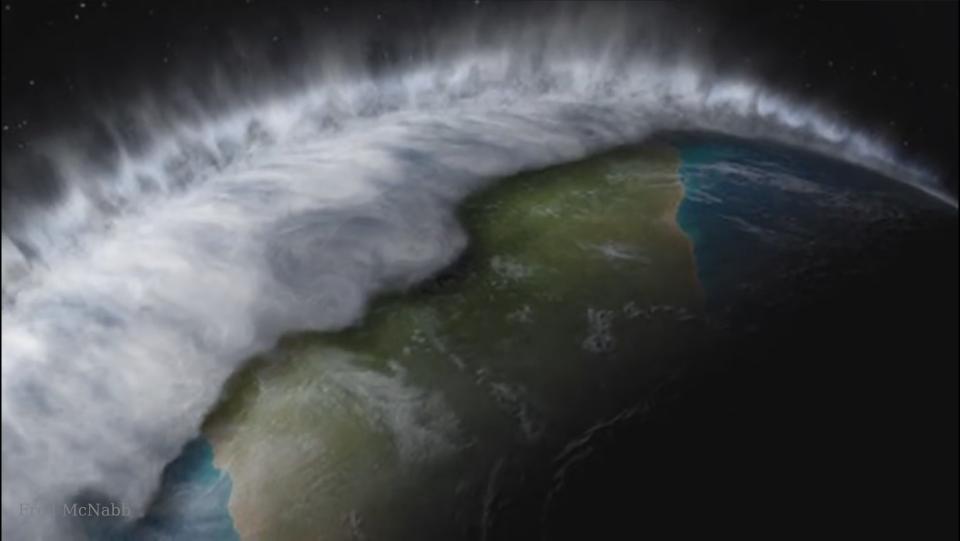


"Fifteen cubits upward did the waters prevail..."

Genesis 7:20 (KJV)



BASALT





Are secular, evolutionary scientists starting to admit the Earth was completely covered with

"We are talking about a time when if you were looking at the earth from space you would hardly see any landmass at all. It would have almost been an ocean world."

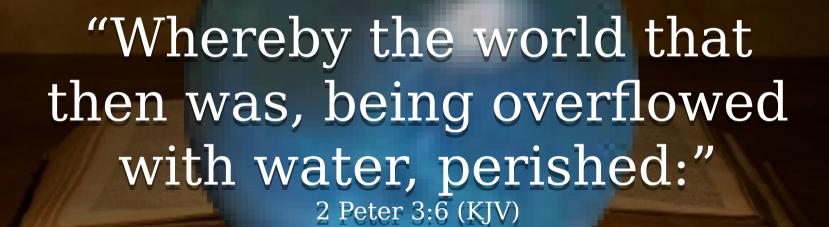
Evolutionist Mike Tice, Texas A&M University, 2009, as quoted in ICR's Podcast "The Flood of Fossils" by Frank Sherwiin, M.A., Tuesday, June

"However, some recent studies suggest that water may have covered earth's entire surface for some 200 million years before the continents emerged."

Evolutionist Tom Garrison, University Southern California, 2013, as quoted in ICR's Podcast "The Flood of Fossils" by Frank Sherwiin, M.A.,

Early Earth was covered in a global ocean and had no mountains "Our research indicates there were no mountains and continental collisions during Earth's first 700 million years or more of existence - it was a much more Athlican and the containing of the containi

https://www.newscientist.com/article/2130266-early-earth-was-covered-Hay/Australian National Volume Cean-and-had-no-mountains/

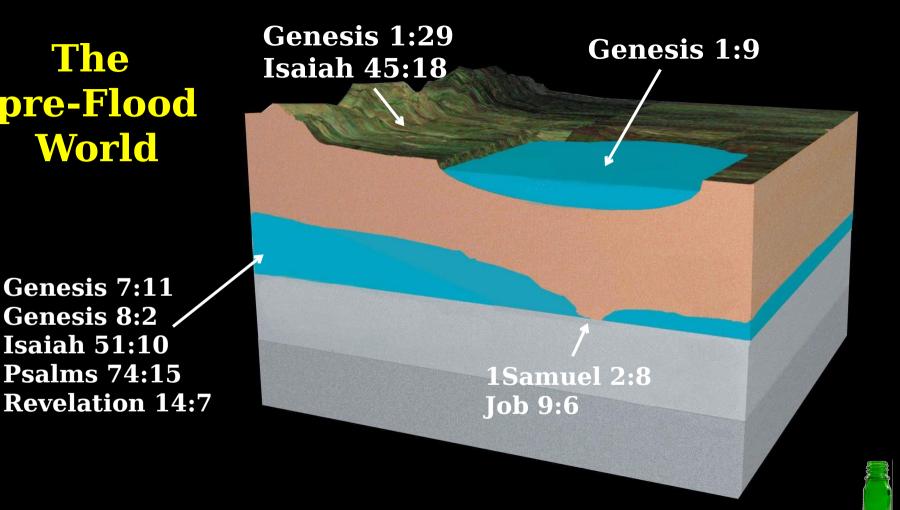




What does the Bible say the pre-Flood world looked like?

The pre-Flood World

Genesis 7:11 Genesis 8:2 **Isaiah** 51:10 **Psalms** 74:15



The pre-Flood World

Genesis 1:9

"And God said, Let the waters under the heaven be gathered together unto one place, and let the dry *land* appear: and it was **SO.** Genesis 1:9 (KJV)

The pre-Flood World

Genesis 1:29 Isaiah 45:18

"he created it not in vain, he formed it to be inhabited: I am the LORD; and there is none else."

Isaiah 45:18 (KJV)

The pre-Flood World

Genesis 1:29 Isaiah 45:18

"God also said, "Look, I have given you every seed-bearing plant on the surface of the entire earth and every tree whose fruit contains seed."

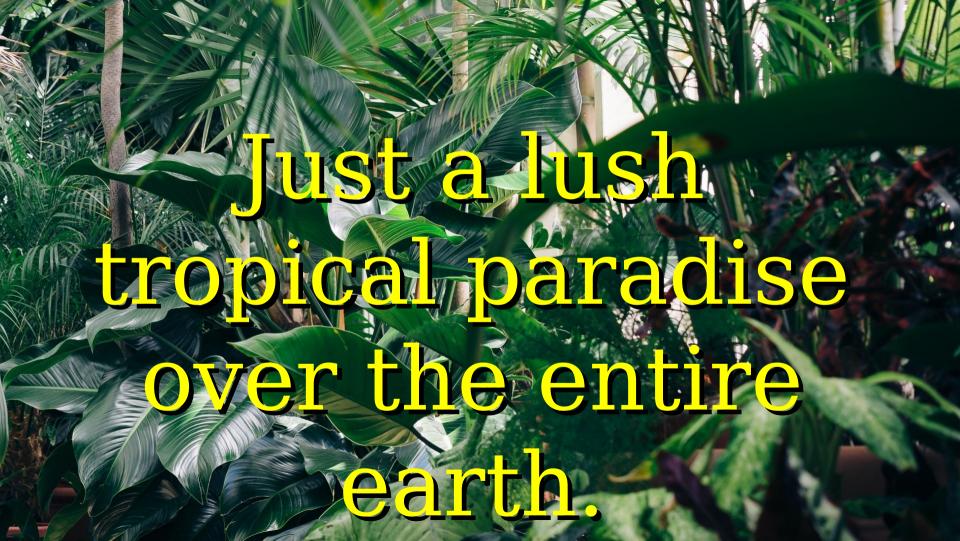
Genesis 1:29 (CSB)

INO Desert!









Could that be why air bubbles in amber contain 32% oxygen vice

With the water gathered together



unto one place. (Genesis 1:9)

Genesis 7:1 What is the great deep?

Genesis 8:2 Isaiah 51:10 Psalms 74:15 Revelation 14:7

A large *great* lake extending far below the

http://webstersdi**SiLLfyfi228.6**m/Dictionary/deep

Ps. 33:7 "...He lays up the deep in storehouses."
Ps. 24:1-2 "He founded it (earth) upon the seas ... upon the waters"
Ps 136:6 "To him that stretched out the earth above the waters

King David wrote the Psalms 3,000 years ago.

(KJV)

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(KJV)

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Ps. 24:1-2 "He founded it (earth) upon the seas ... upon the waters"
Ps 136:6 "To him that stretched out the earth above the waters

Modern science only discovered this in 1970.

KJV) 3,00



How did he know?

Ps. 33:7 "...He lays up the deep in storehouses." Ps. 24:1-2 "He founded it (earth) upon the seas ... upon the waters" Ps 136:6 "To him that stretched out the earth **above** the waters Gen 7:11 "...all the fountains of the great deep broken up" 2Pet 3:5 "...the earth standing out of the water and in the water"

The Fountains of the Great deep are subterranean water chambers gravitationally compressed by miles of granite that burst forth causing torrential rains and massive global flooding.

Is there any evidence for deep under ground sources of water?





In 1970 the Kola Super deep Borehole project discovered deep underground seas 7.5 htm/ilestbelowmthes/surfaceborehole







6 Unexpected discoveries from the world's deepest well

"1. There's a lot of water down there. Hot mineralized water was found almost everywhere along the drill path. Everyone figured that the granite would be as dry as a stone. Who says you can't get water from a rock?"

https://www.zmescience.com/science/geology/drilling-to-the-mantle-6unexpected-discoveries-from-the-worlds-deepest-well https://www.atlasobscura.com/places/kola-superdeep-borehole

6 Unexpected discoveries from the world's deepest well

"3. The Earth has gas. Unexpectedly, helium, hydrogen, nitrogen, and even carbon dioxide (from microbes) were found all along the borehole."

https://www.zmescience.com/science/geology/drilling-to-the-mantle-6unexpected-discoveries-from-the-worlds-deepest-well https://www.atlasobscura.com/places/kola-superdeep-borehole

6 Unexpected discoveries from the world's deepest well

"4. There is **no basalt** under the continent's granite. This was a huge surprise. Seismic suggested that at 9,000 meters the granite would give way to basalt. It doesn't." So much for plate tectonics.

https://www.zmescience.com/science/geology/drilling-to-the-mantle-6unexpected-discoveries-from-the-worlds-deepest-well https://www.atlasobscura.com/places/kola-superdeep-borehole

"5. There are fossils in granite 6,700 meters (21,000ft) below the surface. How'd that happen?"

https://www.zmescience.com/science/geology/drilling-to-the-mantle-6-unexpected-discoveries-from-the-worlds-deepest-well

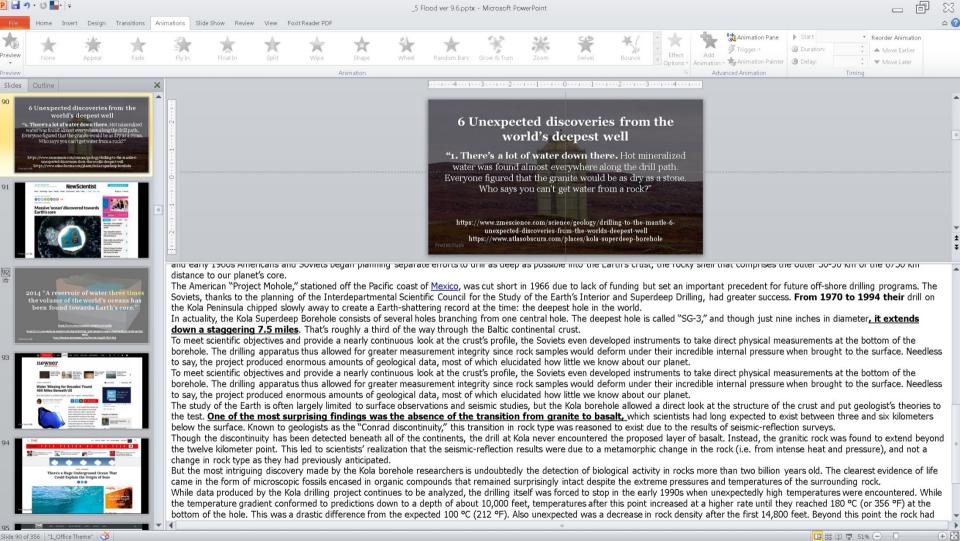
21,000ft below this cap are fossils, water and an unexpected geology.

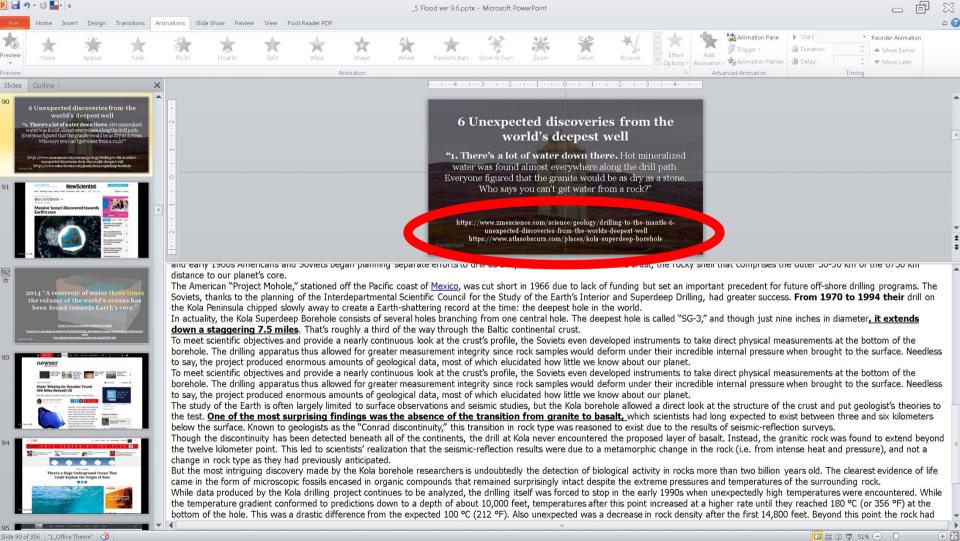
https://www.zmescience.com/science/geology/drilling-to-the-mantle-6-unexpected-discoveries-from-the-worlds-deepest-well https://www.atlasobscura.com/places/kola-superdeep-borehole sciencephotolibrary

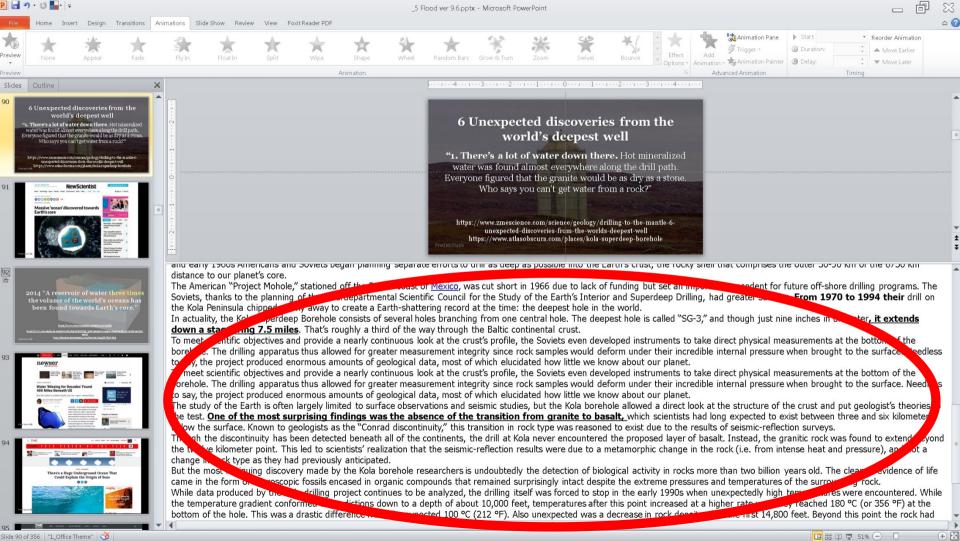
"The planet looks blue from space, but new research shows that most of Earth's water may actually be deep underground"

"Scientists say evidence points to massive body of water below surface, could be source of all seven seas."

http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/next/earth/huge-underground-reservoir-holds-three-times-much-water-earths-oceans/







NewScientist

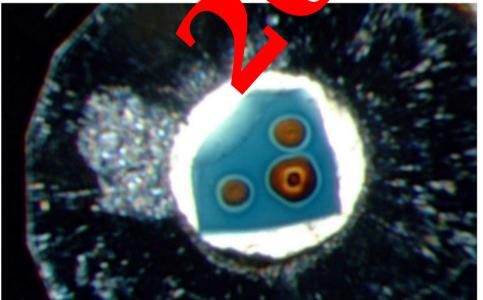
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Massive 'ocean' discovered towards Earth's core



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Your auto real - now the brain	2		
Dogs real fear, and to scared to	hen the		3
China's Cl historic fi the moon	rst landi	ng on	4
We thoug	the Ir	ncas	

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Tonight's Meteor Shower Could Be Worth a Peek



They Honored Him by Skinning People. Now, 'Flaved Lord' Temple Found



China Just Made History on the Moon



Another Setback for Ocean Cleanup Device

SCIENCE / RINGWOODITE

Water 'Missing for Decades' Found 400 Miles Beneath US

But the water is neither liquid, ice, nor vapor: researchers



By Evann Gastaldo, Newser Staff Posted Jun 13, 2014 7:26 AM CDT Updated Jun 13, 2014 7:57 AM CDT









80 comments

(NEWSER) - Four hundred miles beneath the United States, there appears to be enough water to fill all our oceans-almost three times. Researchers have for the first time discovered direct evidence of the water, which exists as a fourth form: not liquid, not ice, not vapor, but hydrogen and oxygen molecules trapped in a mineral called ringwoodite found in the transition zone, which cite between the upper and lower



Next Story →

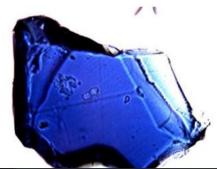




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Newly Empowered House Democrats Pass Funding Plan Without President Trump's Border Wall



SCIENCE • ENVIRONMENT

There's a Huge Underground Ocean That Could Explain the Origin of Seas











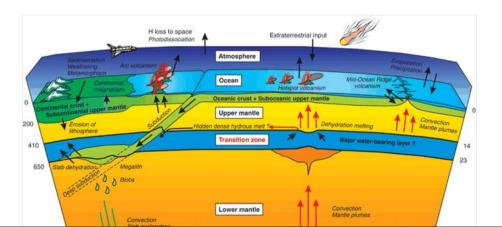
Earth may have generated its own water – geologically

(1) LAST UPDATED ON JANUARY 13TH, 2015 AT 2:57 AM BY MIHAI ANDREI

f Share Tweet

new study may have finally found where Earth's water came from. There are currently two competing theories, with one claiming that our planet generated its own water geologically, while the other suggests that water was brought by icy comets or asteroids from outside. A new study concluded that most of the water we see today likely comes from the Earth's mantle.

Water beneath the surface







PLANET EARTH

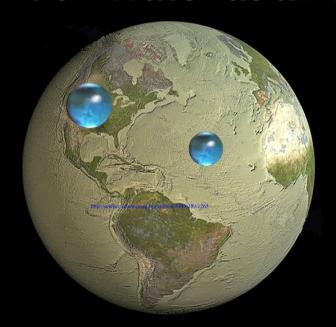
Huge Underground Reservoir Holds Three Times as Much Water as Earth's Oceans

BY ELEANOR NELSON FRIDAY, JUNE 13, 2014 NOVA NEXT



The planet looks blue from space, but new research shows that most of Earth's water may actually be deep underground.

Really? Three Times as Much Water as all the oceans?



2014

http://science.sciencemag.org/content/344/6189/1265 https://water.usgs.gov/edu/earthhowmuch.html https://www.nature.com/articles/nature13080 "A reservoir of water three times the volume of the world's oceans has been found towards Earth's core. It could explain where the seas came from.

The water is hidden in a blue rock called ringwoodite that lies 700 kilometres (400 miles) down in the mantle, between Earth's surface and core."

https://www.newscientist.com/article/mg22229743-500-massive-ocean-discovered-towards-earths-core/





Ringwoodite was found in the Tenham meteorite in 1969. 39 years later it was discovered in a diamond coughed up by a volcano.

https://www.mindat.org/min-3421.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ Tenham_(meteorite)

2014 "A reservoir of water three times the volume of the world's oceans has been found towards Earth's core."

https://www.nature.com/articles/nature13080

Jacobsen and his team studied only rock beneath the U.S. He said he wants to expand their study around the world to show that ringwoodite and its water are indeed a worldwide phenomenom/articles/2014/6/13/waterringwooditeoceans.html

NASA has detected deep subsurface oceans on

- 1. Europa? Jupiter's moon
- 2. Enceladus? Saturn's moon

http://www.nature.com/articles/

https://www.universetoday.com/136956/nasa-says-james-webb-telescope-will-study-solar-systems-ocean-worlds/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gw_bX0ZQOy0





Earth is a desert planet compared to these worlds in our solar system

Dave Mosher, BUSINESS INSIDER

Published 10:47 am EDT, Monday, May 21, 2018

NASA

- Earth seems to have a huge water supply, but it's relatively dry compared to other ocean worlds.
- . Jupiter's ice-covered moon Europa has about twice the volume of Earth's liquid water.
- . Ganymede, the largest moon of Jupiter, may have the largest ocean in the solar system. Earth seems drenched with water from mountaintop to ocean bottom.

But our home planet is a desert compared to some places the solar system, both in terms of its total water volume and the amount of liquid on Earth relative to its size.

Consider Jupiter's ice-encrusted moon Europa, which is smaller than Earth's moon. Scientists recently used 20-year-old Voyager data to find even more evidence that Europa has twice as much water as our planet. Even tiny Pluto may have an ocean nearly as large as Earth's.

Steve Vance, a planetary scientist at NASA's Jet Propulsion Laboratory, has kept a close eye on research about ocean worlds over the years. He has rounded up estimates of ice thickness and ocean depth throughout the solar system to calculate roughly how much water may exist

The graphic below uses Vance's data and other sources to show the probable volume of liquid water on nine known ocean worlds, including Earth:

World	volume			volume	% liquid water
Enceladus	0.01 ZL	•	۰	0.07 ZL	20%
Triton	0.03 ZL	•		10.35 ZL	0.3%
Dione	0.14 ZL	•	•	0.74 ZL	19%
Pluto	1.0 ZL	•		7.01 ZL	15%
Earth	1.335 ZL	•		1,083.21 ZL	0.12%
Earth has a surprisi compared to other	ingly small amount of w worlds in the Solar Syst	ater em.			
Europa	2.6 ZL			16.06 ZL	16%
Callisto	5.3 ZL			58.63 ZL	9%
Titan	18.6 ZL			71.60 ZL	26%
Ganymede	35.4 ZL			76.29 ZL	46%

Each measurement shows the volume of the world and its stores of liquid water (ice not included).

1 zettaliter (ZL) = 1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 liters

World

% liquid

Source: Steve Vance: NASA/JPL-Caltech: NOAA National Geophysical Data Center

Liquid water

Water in Our Solar System

by Total Volume of Water

by %age

W	orld W	ater Vloume						percent	World	
1.	Ganymede	35.4 ZL			1.			46%	Ganymede	1.
2.	Titan	18.6 ZL			2.			26%	Titan	2.
3.	Callisto	5.3 ZL			3.		۰	20%	Enceladus	3.
4.	Europa	2.6 ZL			4.	•	•	19%	Dione	4.
			•					16%	Europa	5.
5.	Earth	1.335 ZL			5.	•		15%	Pluto	6.
					<u> </u>			9%	Callisto	7.
6.	Pluto	1.0 ZL	•		6.	•		0.20/	T.::4 a	•
7.	Dione	0.14 ZL	•	•	7.	•		0.3%	Triton	8.
8.	Triton	0.03 ZL	•		8.	• 🔏				
9.	Enceladus	0.01 ZL	olume of	the world	9.			0.12%	Earth	9.

Each measurement shows the volume of the world and its stores of liquid water (ice not included).

1 zettaliter (ZL) = 1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 liters

Source: Steve Vance; NASA/JPL-Caltech; NOAA National Geophysical Data Center

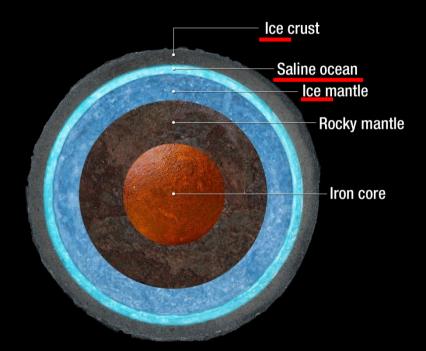
23 Places We've Found Water in Our Solar System

Dione Europa Titania Mercury Enceladu Pluto Oberon The Moon Charon Umbriel Neptune Ganymed Tethys Titan Uranus Mimas Rhea Kuiper \mathbf{e} Callisto Triton Iapetus Belt

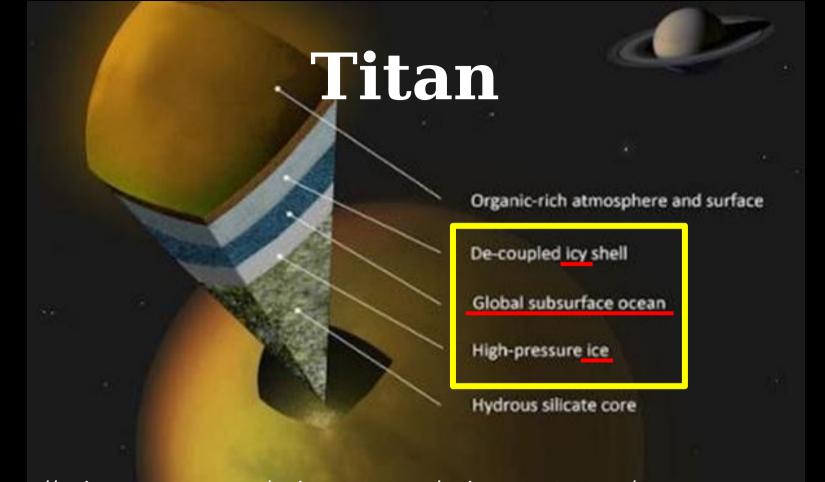
https://www.popularmechanics.com/space/a14555/water-worlds-in-our-solar-system/

Ceres

Ganymede Interior

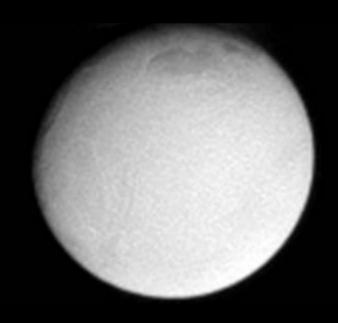


https://www.nasa.gov/press/2015/march/nasa-s-hubble-observations-suggest-underground-ocean-on-jupiters-largest-moon



https://science.nasa.gov/science-news/science-at-nasa/2012/28jun_titanocean/

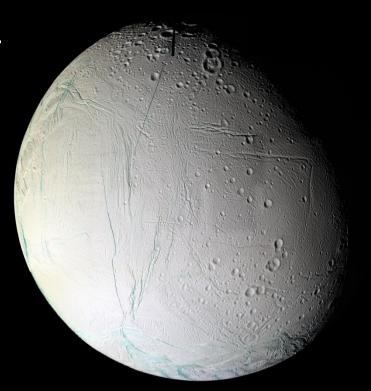
Europa



Moon of Jupiter



Enceladu s

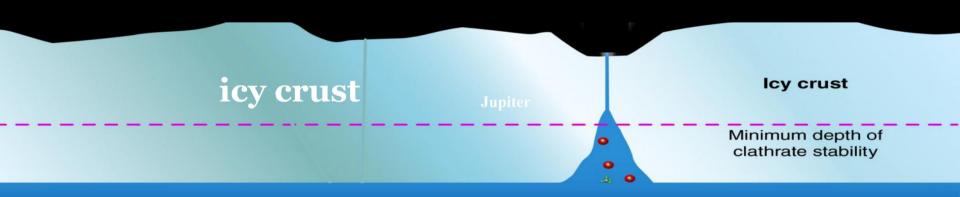


A moon of Saturn





Enceladus 2015



subenceladan oceans

rocky core

https://www-b.jpl.nasa.gov/

Enceladus 2015

Earth now

Europa **2016**

icy crust

Oceans

Granite Crust

Crust

Icy sub-crust

subenceladan oceans

subterrainan oceans

Subeuropan oceans

from

Jet Propulsion Laboratory California Institute of Technology

rocky core

mantle

rocky core https://www-b.jpl.nasa.gov/

OK there is water under the crust of the earth.

But we still haven't figured out where all the water from Noah's supposed flood came from.

Gen 7:11 "...all the <u>fountains of the great</u> <u>deep</u> broken up"

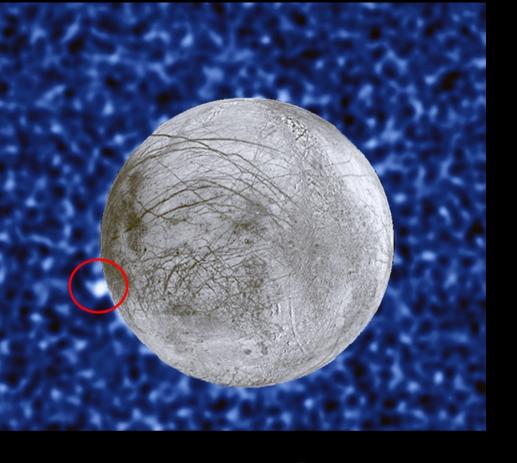
OK. What's all this stuff about fountains being broken up?

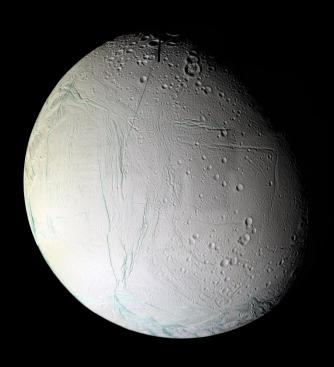
What do you mean by fountain?



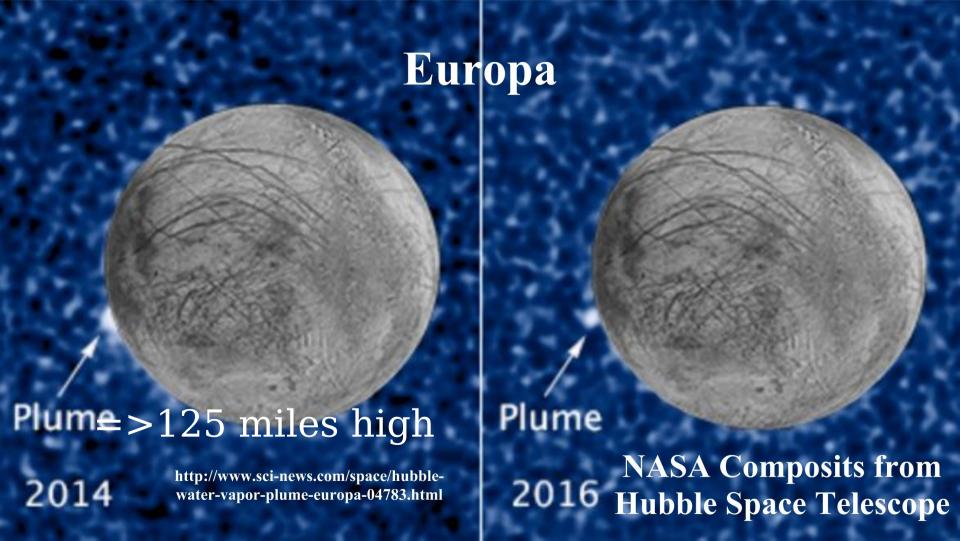
Come on... gigantic spouts of water shooting out of the ground?

You've go to be kidding!

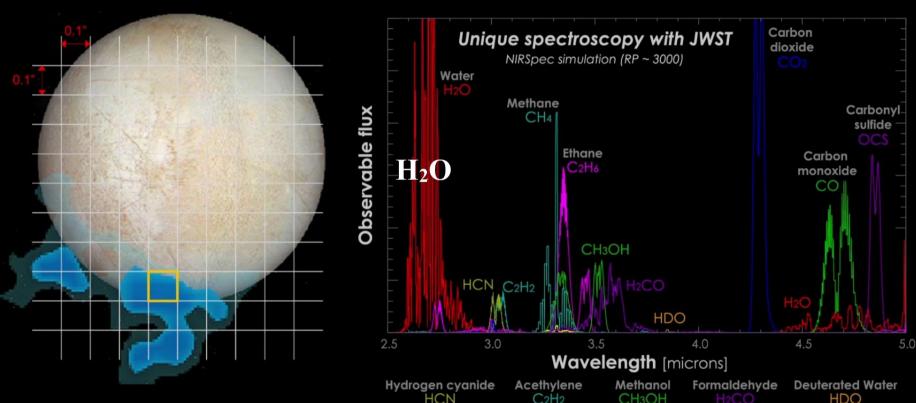




Remember Europa and



Europa Spectropic Analysis



https://scitechdaily.com/webb-telescope-will-study-oceanworlds-of-europa-and-enceladus/ https://www.universetoday.com/136956/nasa-says-james-webb-telescope-will-study-solar-systems-ocean-worlds/

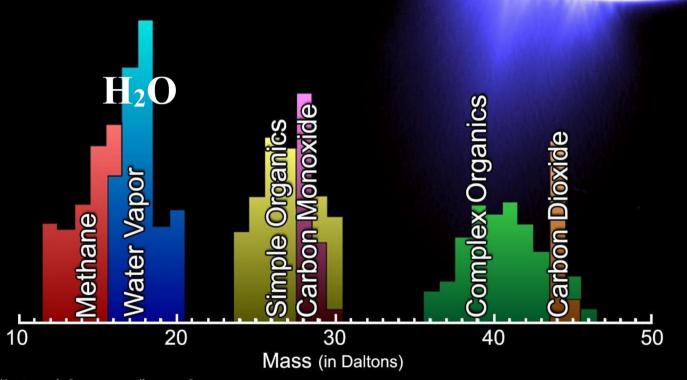
Enceladus Water Plumes

1,360 mph 311 miles high

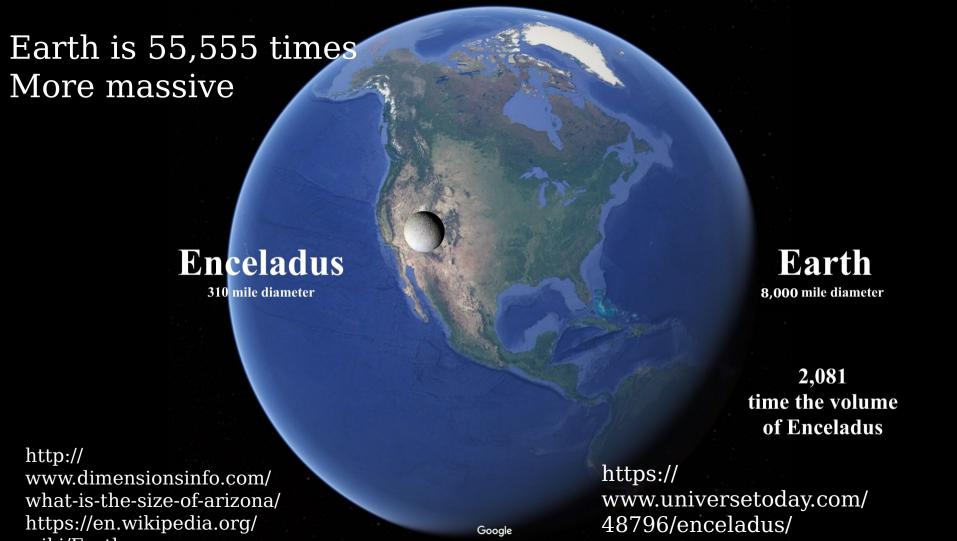
> photographed by the Cassinni Spaceprobe

OCTOBER 28, 2015 ENCELADUS PLUME DIVE https:// www.universetoday.com/ 48796/enceladus/

Enceladus Spetropic Analysis



https://saturn.jpl.nasa.gov/ion-andneutral-mass-spectrometer/

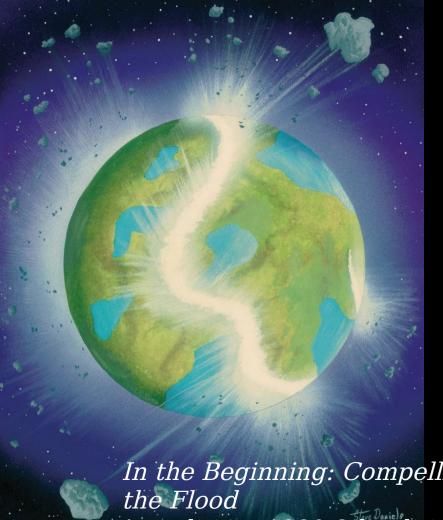


The Enceladus water jets were measured at 1,360 mph because of the weight of the ice floating on the subenceladan oceans.

Ice density is 915.0 kg/m³

https://hypertextbook.com/facts/2007/AllenMa.shtml

Of Of



Estimates of Fountain Speed

32 miles/second or 115,200 mph

Earth Escape
velocity = 25,020
Solamphcape
Velocity = 94,235

In the Beginning: Compelling Evidence for Creation and the Flood

1st edition, 1980 8th edition, © 2008 by Walt Brown

Estimates of Fountain Height

"The fountains split and spread the atmosphere, allowing most of the water and rocks to escape into the vacuum of outer space."

In the Beginning: Compelling Evidence for Creation and the Flood

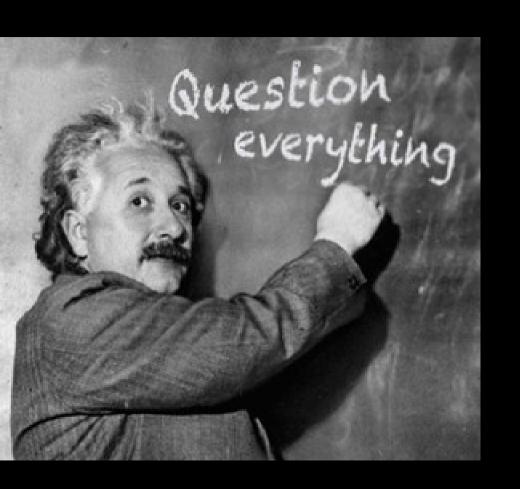
If everything is random BOTH sides should look the same!



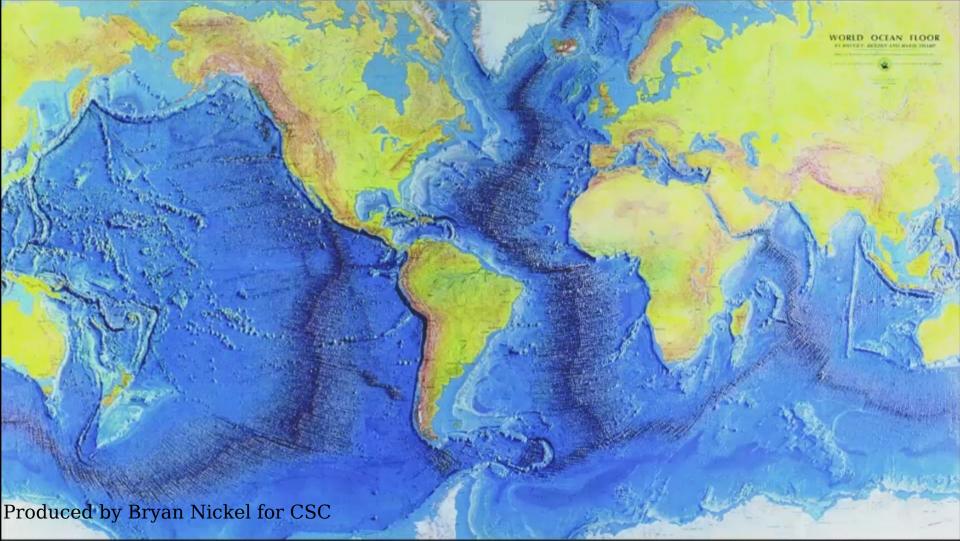
Near side
Could the 'Great Deep' breaking open have

OK. 'Fountains of the Great Deep' bursting open exist on moons of Europa and Enceladus.

If they ever happened on Earth then there must be some evidence.



Is there any evidence on Earth?



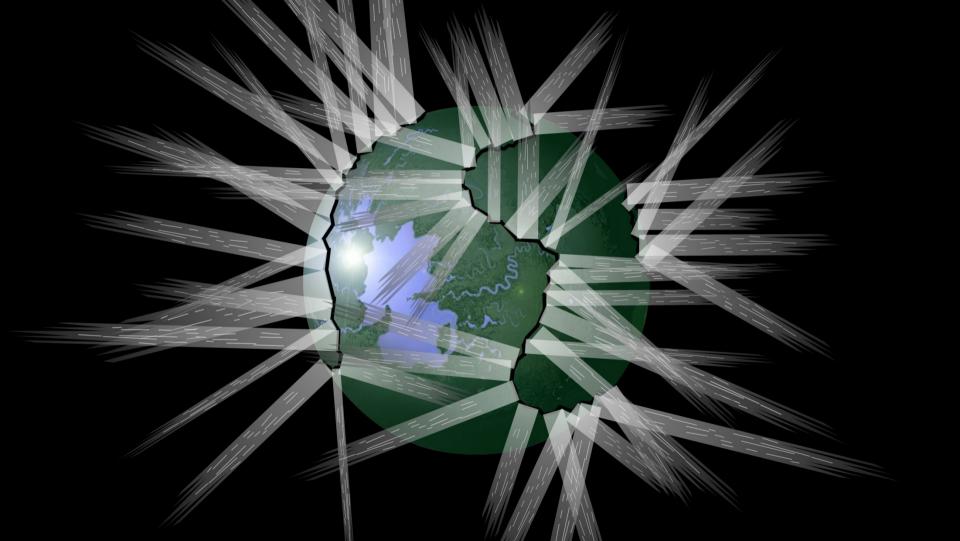
WORLD OCEAN FLOOR

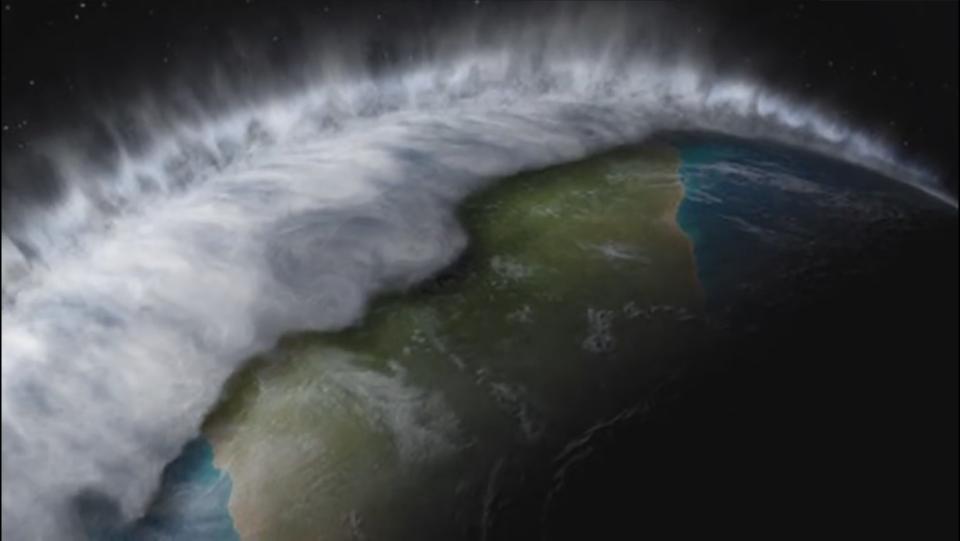
Jonah spoke of the ocean floor containing mountains (Jonah 2:5-6).

We didn't discover this until 1885. It took modern science 2,700 years to confirm the

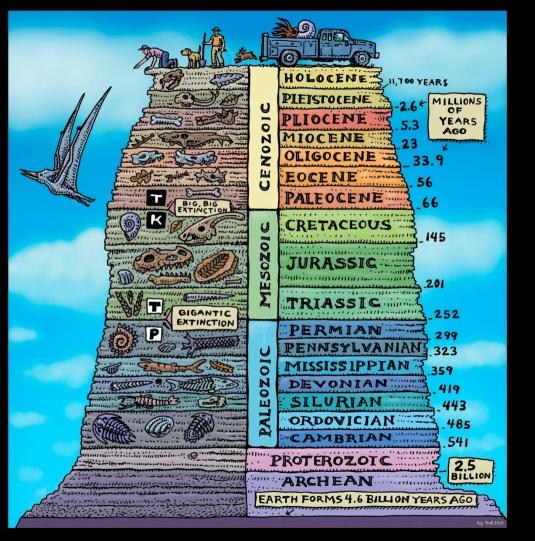




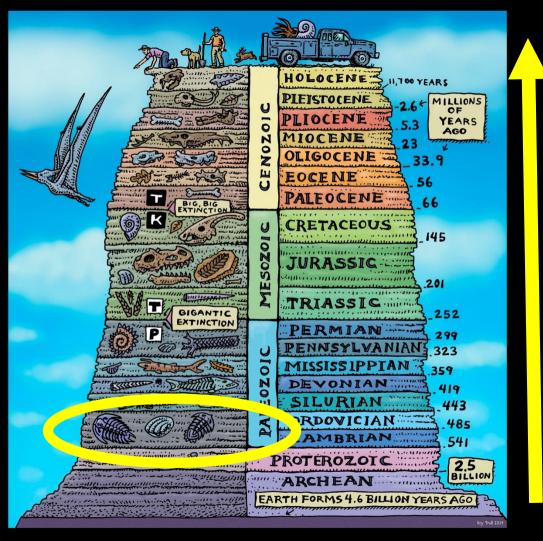








- Sedimentary layers
- Laid down by water
- Less than 300 days



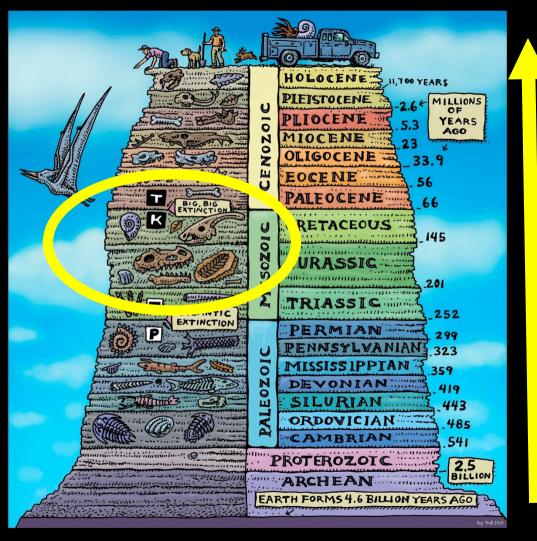
- Very dense
- Non

mohile

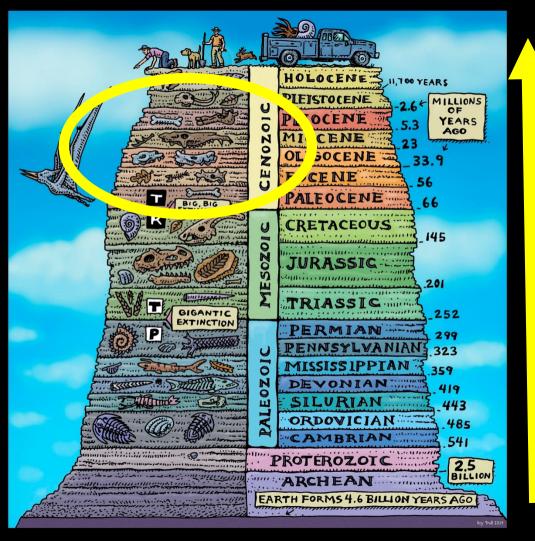


- Less dense
- Slightly mobile





- Even less dense
- Greater mobility
- Longer legs

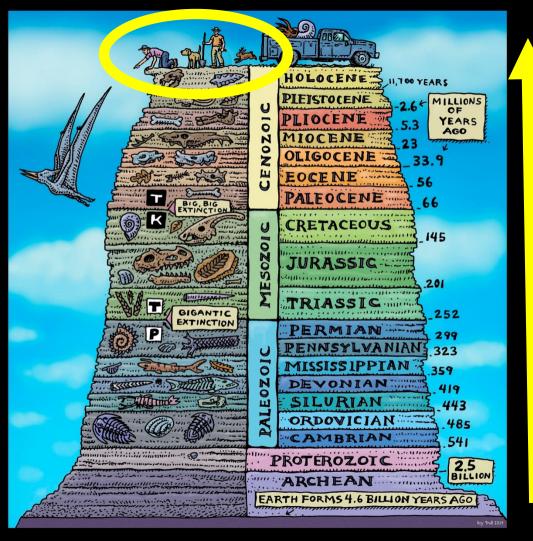


- Greater intelligenc

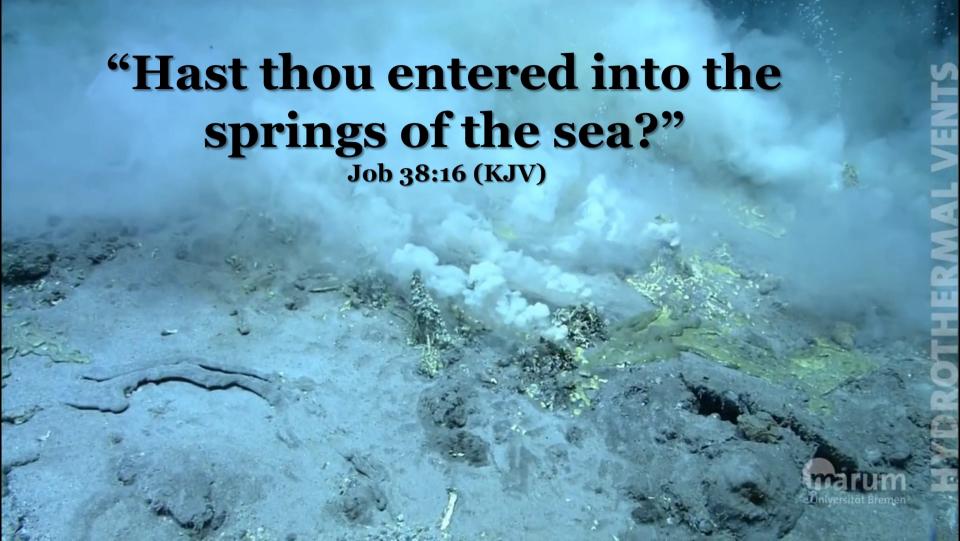
Greater mobility

- Longer legs

- Greater



Greatest intelligence

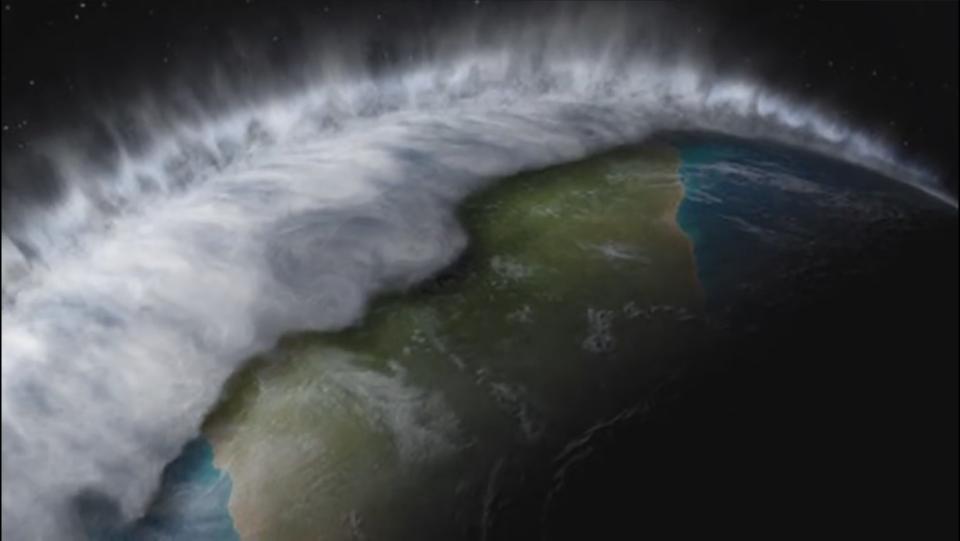


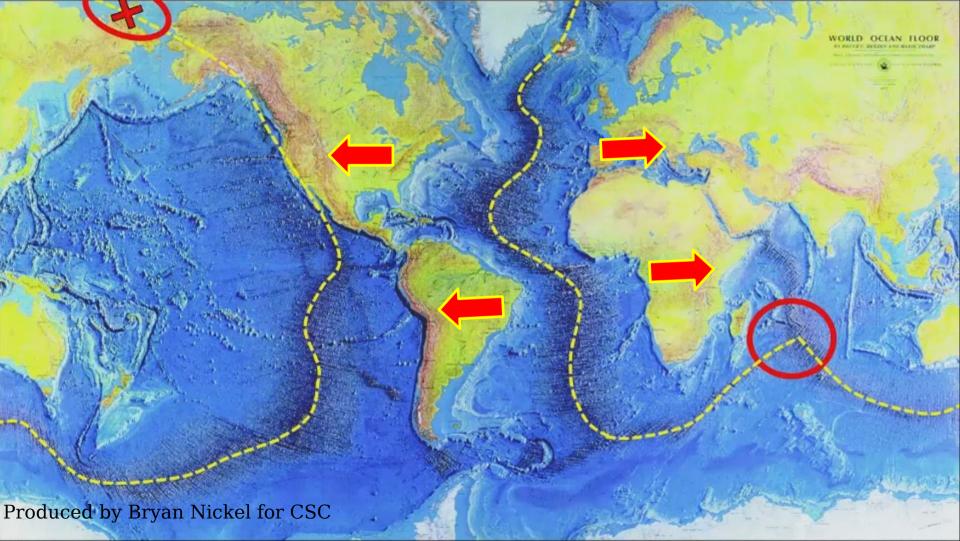
"Hast thou entered into the springs of the sea?" Job 38:16 (KJV)

It took modern science 3,300 years to confirm the Bible.

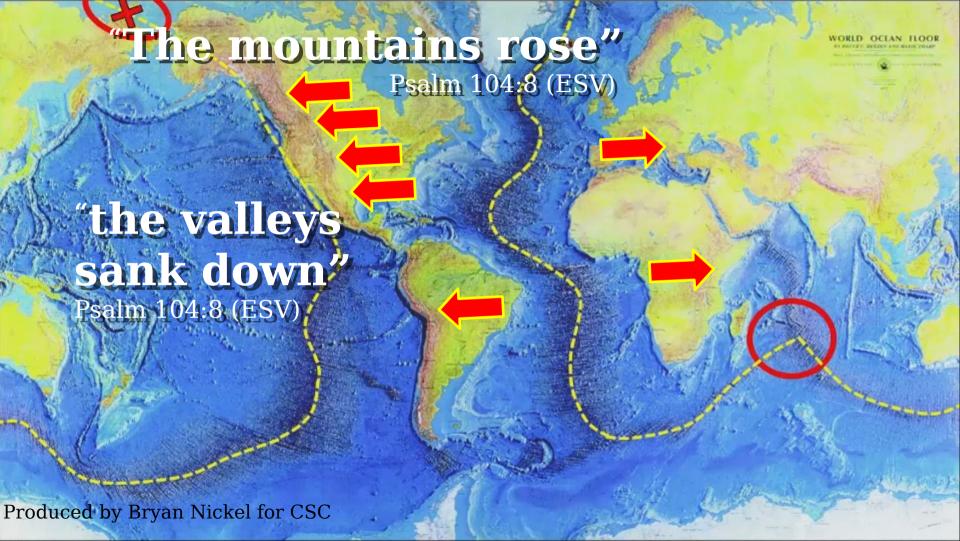












Surface Mountains



Compression



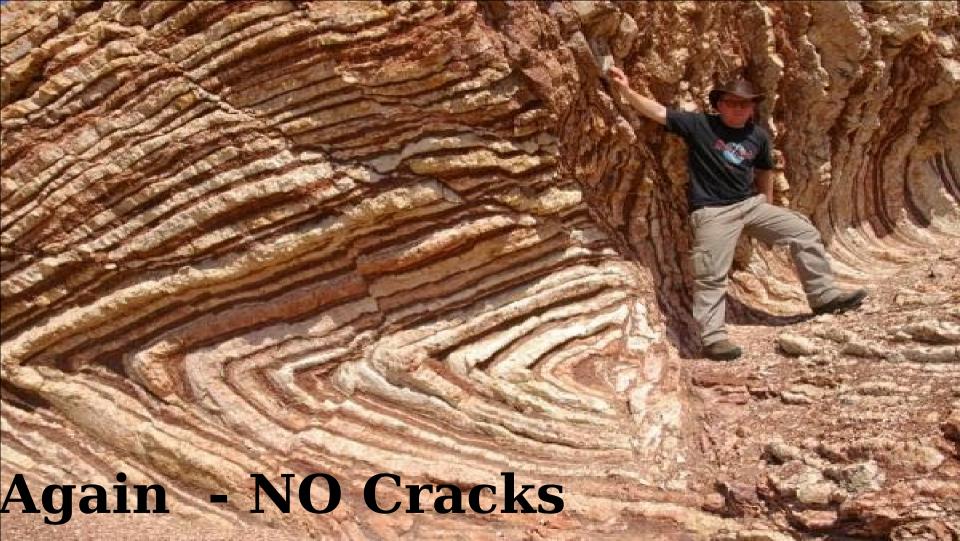
"The mountains rose, the valleys sank down" Psalm 104:8 (ESV)



Isoclinal fold

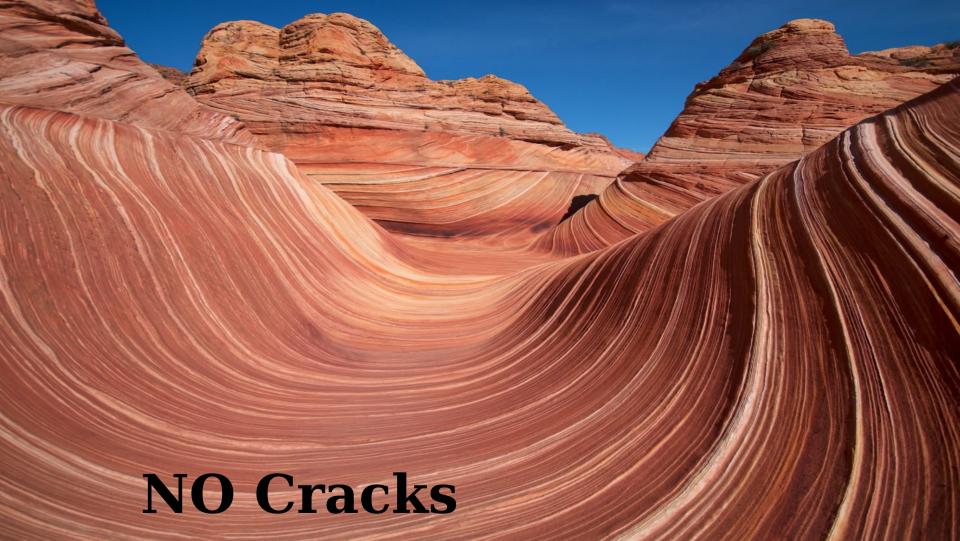
No cracks... Therefore it must have formed when it was soft!











According to secular geologists these layers are really old.



36°7'34.80"N, 112°8'39.60"W Quartzite Block (Looking North)



36°7'34.80"N, 112°8'39.60"W Quartzite Block (Looking North)





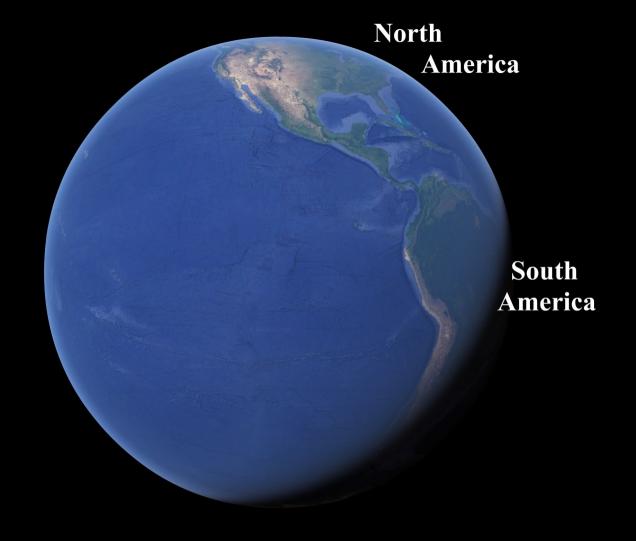
If the subterranean waters burst to the surface don't you think the crust would have collapsed down because there is less water supporting the crust?

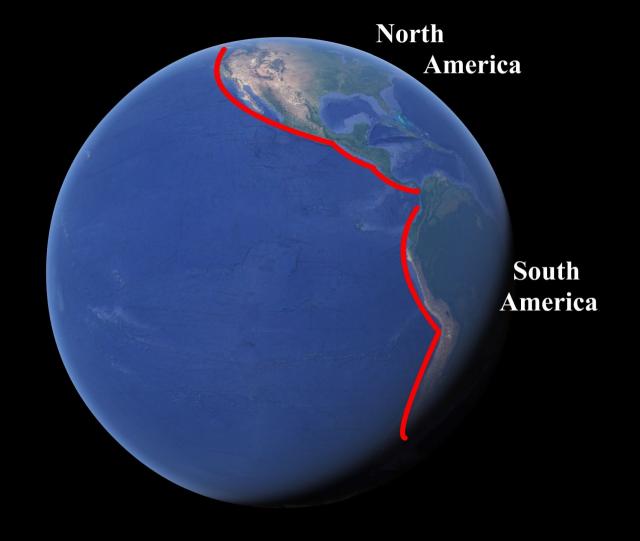
Let's look at the floor of the Pacific Ocean.







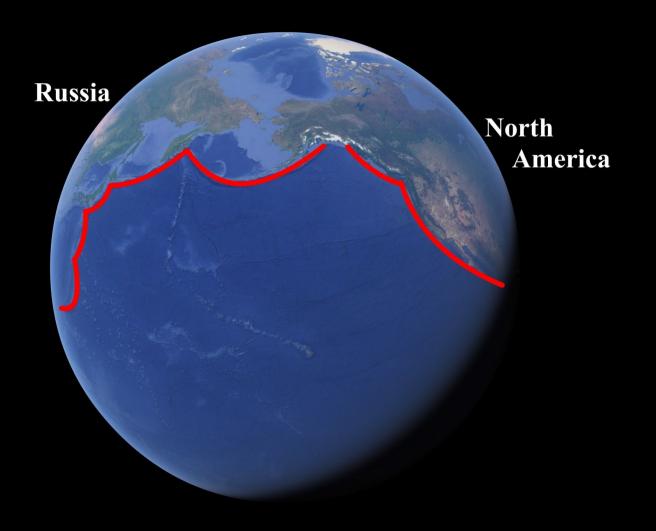




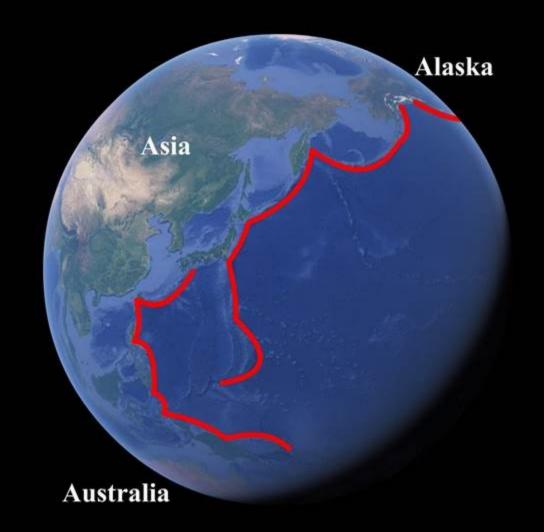




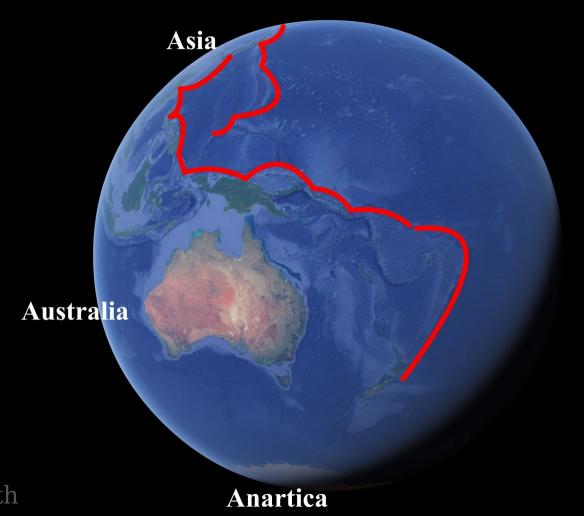


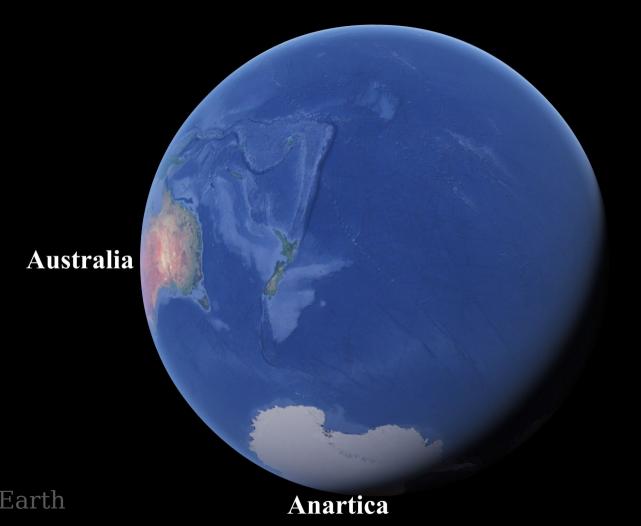




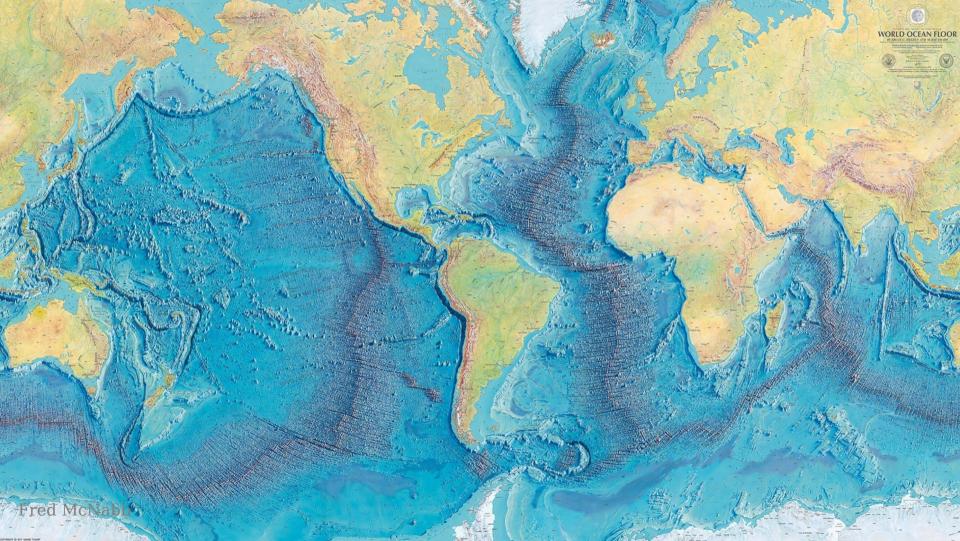








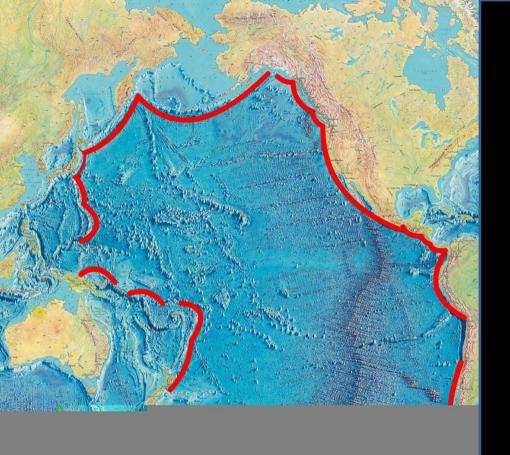






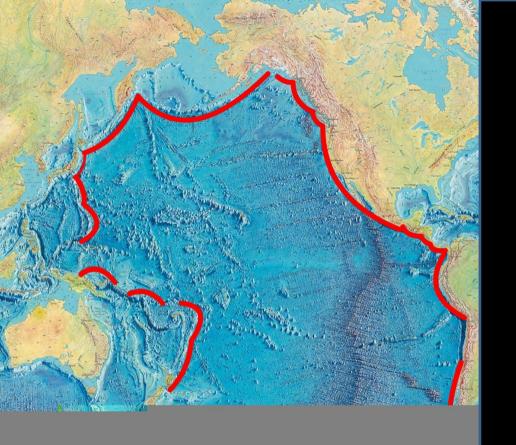
The mountains rose up the valleys sank down. Psalms 104:8(ESV)

Let's concentrate on the valleys sinking down.



Can we duplicate this?

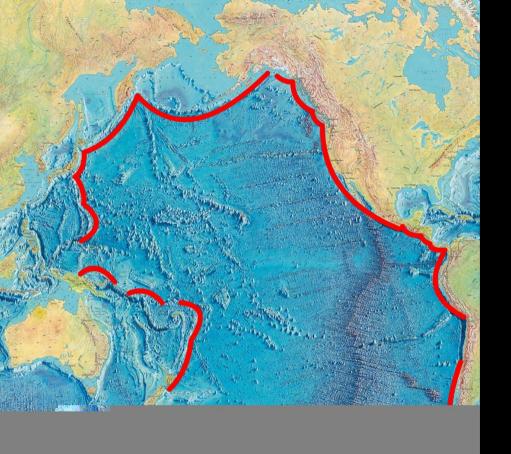
Let's see...



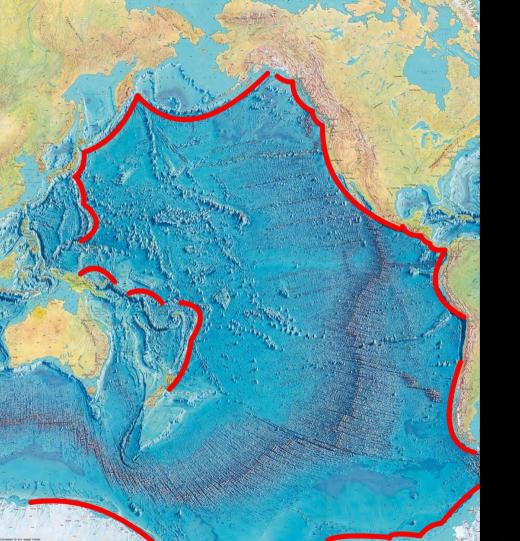
Try it yourself.

Take the pingpong ball and crush it in on one side about half way..

What do you see?







The valleys sank down.

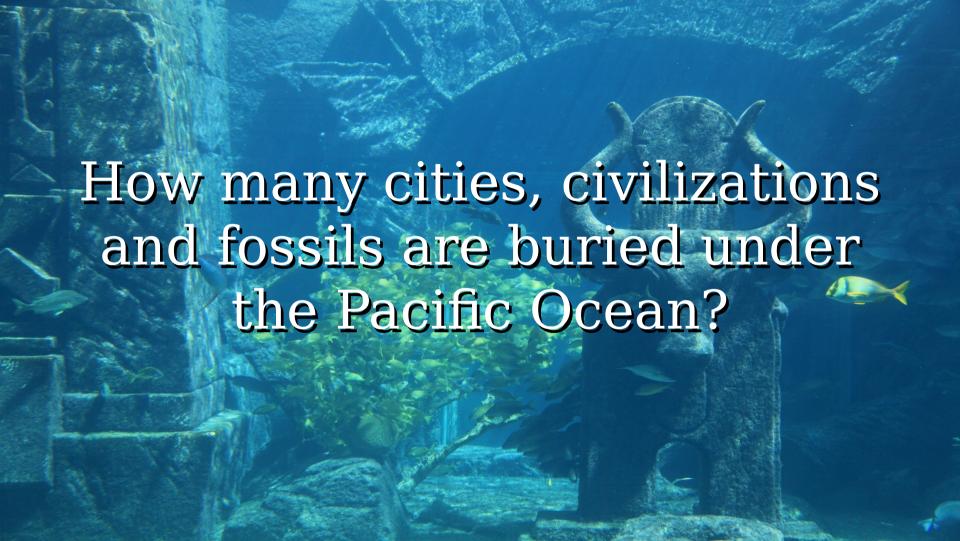


Psalms 104:8

Zealandia the Sunken Continent



Geological Society of America, March-April 2019, Vol. 27, No. 3-4

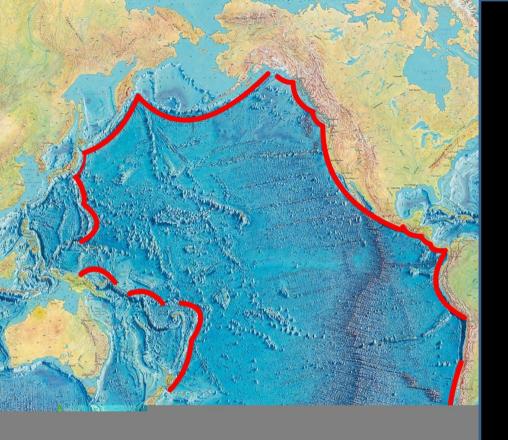




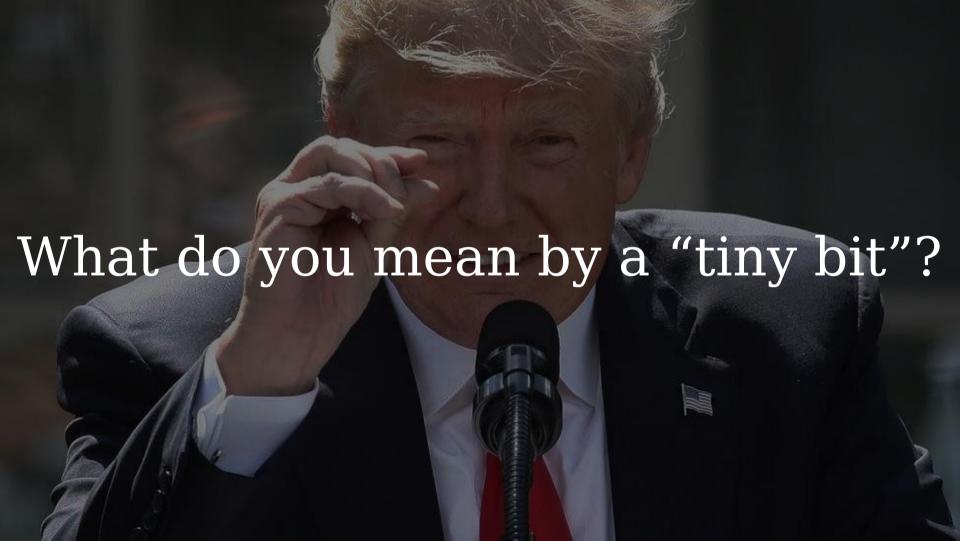




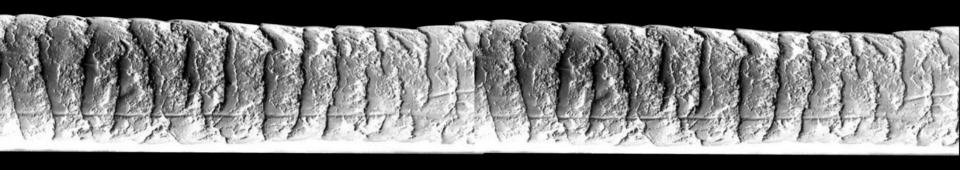




The floor of the Pacific Ocean sank down a tiny bit as the waters underneath came to the surface and rushed off the McNabb



How much water is on the surface of the Earth?



Hair diameter 0.002 inches

That's 500 hairs per inch

Fred McNabb



Seam height 0.048 inches

That's 24 hairs high

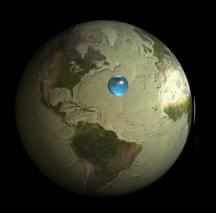
Fred McNabb



Baseball

Earth





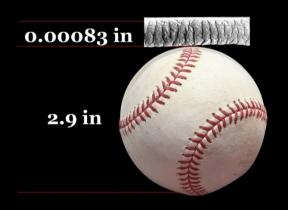
1/3 of hair

2.9 inches Diameter ~8,000miles 0.00065 in water thickness ~2 miles compared ~2 miles

Water Depth 1/3 Diameter of a hair

24 hairs high

How deep would Pacific Ocean be on a baseball?



Drawing cale

Pacific Ocean



$$(0.0002875)(2.9in) = 0.00083 in$$

less than half the diameter of a human hair

$$2.3/8,000 = 0.0002875$$

 $8,000/2.3 = 3,478$

1/8 th of a computer pixel (0.01in)



How high would Mt. Everest be on a baseball?



Pravite scale

Mt. Everest



$$(0.0006)(2.9in) = 0.00174in$$

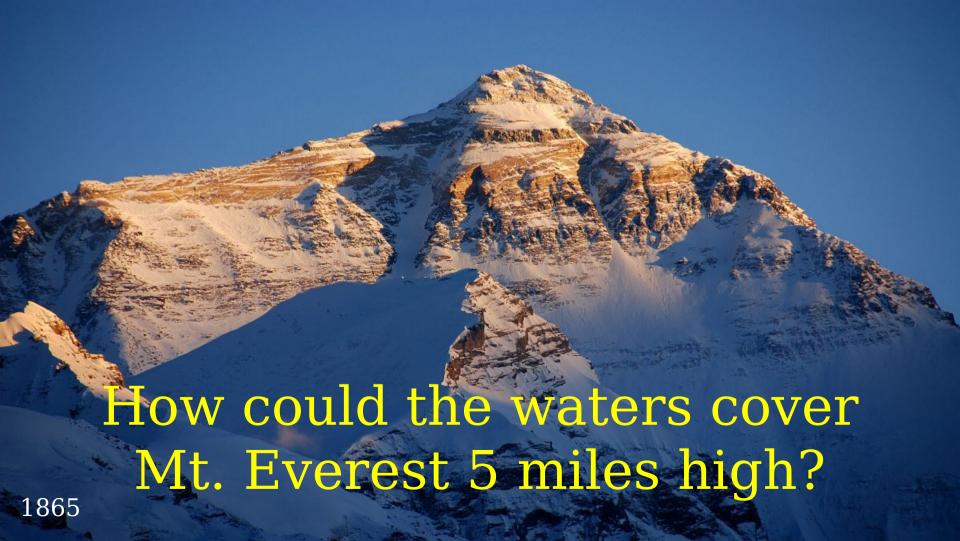
almost the diameter of a human hair

1/10 th of a computer pixel (0.01in)

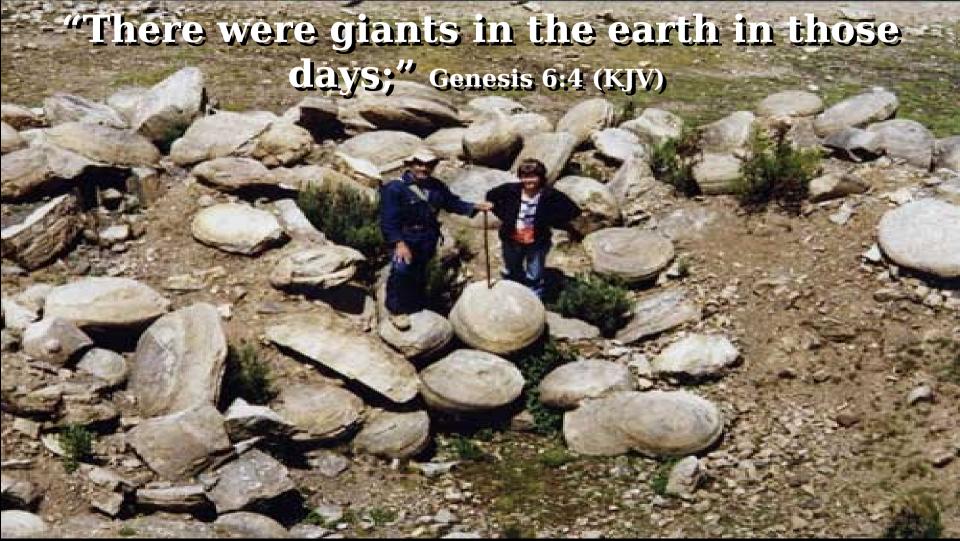
$$5/8,000 = 0.000625$$

$$8,000/5 = 1,600$$

Fred McNabb



Giant clams on top of mountain buried in the closed position



How did the atmosphere change before and after TheFlood?



"50% more oxygen than it does now." Time Magazine, Nov 9, 1987, p. 82 Some research shows it had 35% oxygen. See New Scientist March 11, 2000

Putting on Ancient Airs

11-9-87 TIME P82

Dinosaurs, it seems, may have breathed easier than we do. Indeed, at a meeting of the Geological Society of America in Phoenix last week, two scientists stunned colleagues by reporting that 80 million lears ago, the earth's atmosphere contained about 50% more oxygen than it does

now. Geochemists
Gary Landis of the
U.S. Geological
Survey and Robert
Berner of Yale
reached their startling conclusion after analyzing tiny
air bubbles trapped
in bits of amber,
the aged and solidified resin of coniferous trees. They

placed the amber inside a vacuum chamber, then cracked it to let the ancient air escape

They found that it was 32% oxygen, compared with 21% in the modern atmosphere.

If the findings are accurate, ideas about atmospheric evolution might have to be revised. The two admit the results "are still very preliminary," but they insist the method is sound.

Berner quickly dismisses speculation that a change

in the oxygen supply had anything
to do with the extinction of dinosaurs. "It was a very
slow change, over
millions of years,"
he observes. "And
most organisms
easily adapt." Next
comes testing bubbles in 300 millionyear-old amber.



Bubble-bearing amber





Understanding Our Planet Through Chemistry

pubs.er.usgs.gov/publication/70014314

Air Bubbles, Amber, and Dinosaurs

Ages of ice samples found on the Earth cover a span approaching 200,000 years. But how can we tell what the Earth's atmosphere was like before that? Recently, <u>USGS</u> scientists have used a gas <u>QMS</u> to determine the oxygen level of ancient samples of Earth's atmosphere from a most unlikely place amber. The fossilized resin of conifer trees, amber is interesting to scientists as a medium that traps insects, small animals, and plants, preserving them through geologic time for future study.

The recent extraction by scientists, of ancient <u>DNA</u> from organisms entombed in amber much like in the science-fiction novel and movie, Jurassic Park is an example of why scientists are intensely interested in amber. Minute bubbles of ancient air trapped by successive flows of tree resin during the life of the tree are present. Litture amber. Analysis of the gases in these bubbles show that the earth s atmosphere, 67 million years 130, contained nearly 35 percent oxygen compared to present levels of 21 percent. Results are based upon more than 300 analyses by <u>USGS</u> scientists of Cretaceous, Tertiary, and recent-age amber from 16 world sites.* The old st amber in this study is about 130 million years old.

The consequences of an elevated oxygen level during Cretaceous time are speculative. Sid the higher oxygen support the now extinct dinosaurs? Their demise was gradual in the transition from late Cretaceous to early Tertiary times, as was the decrease in oxygen content of the atmosphere.

* Citations

Landis, G.P., Rigby, J.K., Jr., Sloan, R.E., Hengst, R.A., and Snee, L.W., 1996, Pelé Hypothesis: Ancient atmospheres and geologic-geochemical controls on evolution, survival, and extinction, in G. Keller and N. MacLeod, eds., Cretaceous-Tertiary Mass Extinctions. Biotic and Environmental Changes, W.W. Norton, pp. 519-556.

Landis, G.P., and Snee, L.W., 1991, 40Ar/39Ar Systematics and argon diffusion in Amber; implications for ancient earth atmospheres: in Kump, L.R., Kasting, J.F., Robinson, J.M., Atmospheric oxygen variation through geologic time. Global and Planetary Change. v. 5, p.63-67.

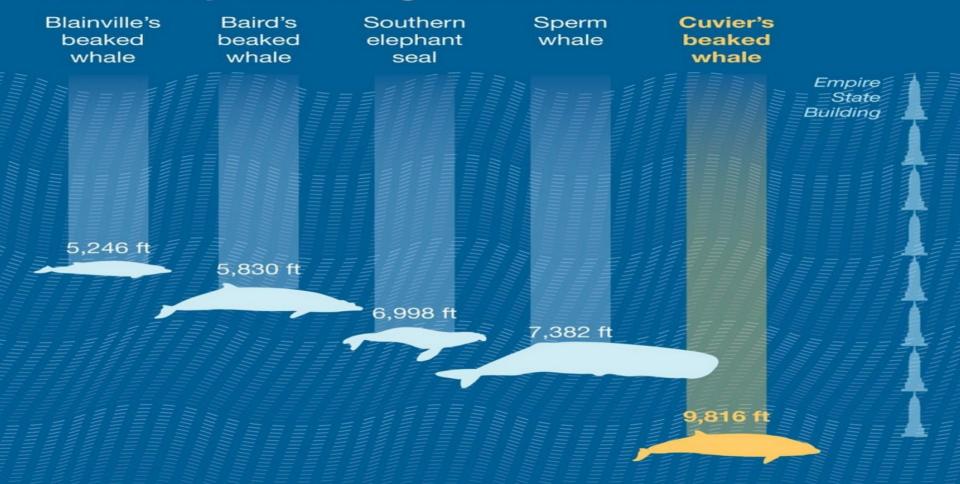


Amber --the fossilized resin of conifer trees-provides a unique means of protecting intricate samples of the past. This mosquito, lying trapped for 45 million years in a piece of amber, is almost perfectly preserved. [148k]





Five Deepest Diving Marine Mammals



New theory: Lack of oxygen, not asteroid, killed dinosaurs

BOSTON (AP) — Dinosaurs weren't done in by a giant asteroid, as one theory holds, but by a change in the atmosphere that meant there wasn't enough oxygento support their inefficient respiratory systems, a new theory suggests.

A new analysis of air trapped in 120 million-year-old amber found in east-central Minnesota casts doubt on the notion that the dinosaurs starved to death after a giant asteroid hit the planet 65 million years ago, sending up dut that blocked the sun and killed plant life.

Dinosaurs were already on their way out by the time the meteor purportedly hit, says Gary Landis, a U.S. Geological Survey geologist and one of four scientists presenting their theory at the Geological Society of America's annual meeting today.

"The dinosaurs did not keel over with their feet up in the air, out they found it increasingly difficult to compete in their environment."

The theory also carries implications for humans because it presumes that worldwide atmospheric changes can occur 10 to 20 times faster than previously thought, the researchers said.

Landis and his colleagues tested air found trapped in the amber in east-central Minnesota. They found that the proportion of oxygen in the authosphere ten from a log of percent within the relatively short time of between 300,000 and 500,000 years.

"It would be like taking a dinosaur for a stroll from sea level up to 6,000 to 7,000 feet," Landis said.

volcanic activity that pumped out carbon dioxide, which was converted into oxygen by plants.

Dinosaurs evolved during this time, when oxygen was plentiful, and had a weak respiratory system, according to the theory known as the Pele Hypothesis. Pele is a Polynesian goddess of volcanoes.

An 80-foot-long apatosaurus, also known as a brontosaurus, had a set of nostrils about the same size as a

A. Hengst, a Purdue University physiologist.

"There were some serious problems with trying to get air into that animal," Hengst said. "Dinosaurs could not have existed without having more oxygen in the air to start with."

cold-blooded animals around at the time, such as snakes, lizards and turtles, were able to survive because of their relatively modest oxygen needs. So did some of the smaller mammals with more efficient respiratory systems, the scientists said.

About two-tl irds of known species of dinosal rs were gone by the time the asteroid is believed to have fallen in what is now tan Peninsula,

researchers believe.

"They were basically all gone, fully extinct" by then, Landis said. "It was a gradual extinction."

International Falls, Minnesota News 1993







Professional Teams That Use Hyperbaric Chambers:

NFL:





New York Jets

NBA:

Seattle Supersonics

New York Knicks

Vancouver Grizzlies

CFL:

BC Lions

NHL:

Vancouver Canucks

Philadelphia Flyers

San Jose Sharks

Phoenix Coyotes

Detroit Red Wings

St Louis Blues

New York Rangers

Professional Teams That Use Hyperbaric Chambers:

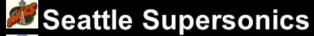
NFL:





New York Jets

NBA:



New York Knicks

Vancouver Grizzlies

CFL:

BC Lions

NHL:

Vancouver Canucks

Philadelphia Flyers

San Jose Sharks

Phoenix Coyotes

Detroit Red Wings

St Louis Blues

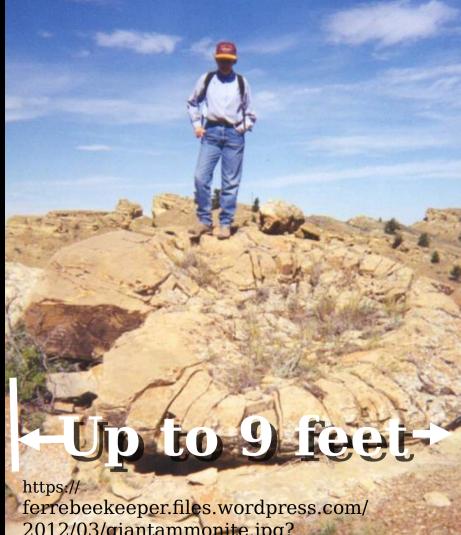
New York Rangers

Healing time is nearly twice as fast!



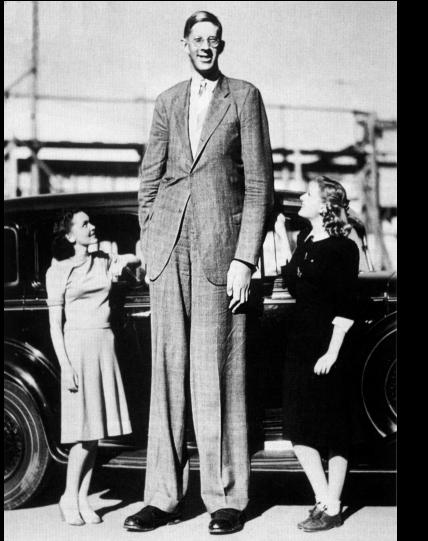








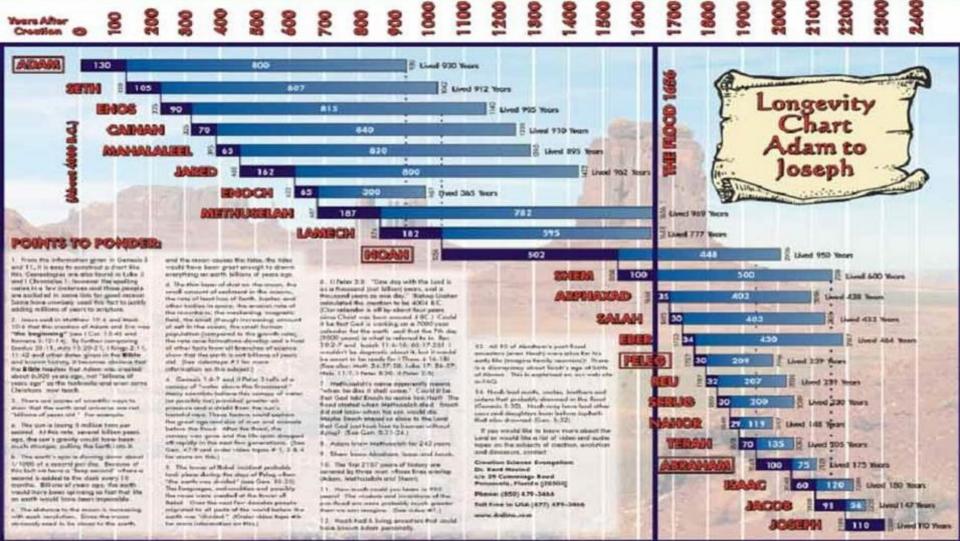




Robert Wadlow 8' 11"

"There were giants in the earth in those days" Genesis 6:4 (KJV)





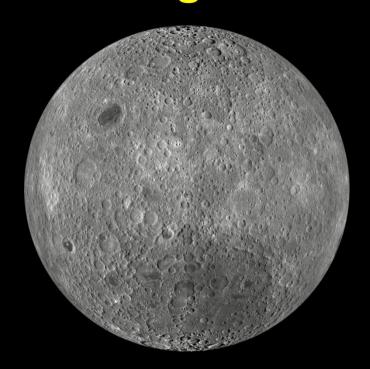
God destroyed the sinful world with a flood. He saved 8 people, and all the animals needed to Frece populate the earth.

In the six hundredth year of Noah's life, in the second month, the seventeenth day of the month, the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up, and the windows of heaven were Opened. Genesis 7:11 (KJV)

A Reminder of God's Judgement







Far side

A Reminder of God's Judgement



"If I have told you earthly things, and ye believe not, how shall ye believe, if I tell you of heavenly things?" John 3:12 (KJV)



"I do set my bow in the cloud, and it shall be for a token of a covenant between me and the earth."

Genesis 9:13 (KJV)



"And I will remember my covenant, which is between me and you and every living creature of all flesh; and the waters shall no more become a flood to destroy all flesh." Genesis 9:15 (KJV)

So...

What have we learned and what else does the Bible have to



- 1. Before the flood most of the Earth was land.
- 2. Earth's surface waters were less than today.
- 3. More water inside the Earth than on surface.
- 4. Massive weight of Granite pressed the waters.
- 5. The Granite shell split creating hypersonic jets.

- 9. Some of the water fell back to Earth for 40 days and 40 nights. The rains stopped.
- 10. The waters continued to rise for 150 days.
- 11.All the land was covered by 15 cubits of water.
- 12. All but 8 people drowned.
- 13.The Mountains rose up the valleys sank down.

- 17. Noah was in the Ark for over a year.
- 18. There is tremendous geological evidence for the flood.
- 19. But He promises never again!
- 20. God hates sin!
- 21. We all sin!
- 22. We will be judged!
- 23. Unless we find a substitute.
- 24. The only substitute available is Jesus.

Tesus has the authority to judge this world.

Jesus has the authority to save you.

Bottom line

You will be judged guilty or you will be judged righteous.

(Hebrews 9:27)

It is YOUR choice.

Which do YOU choose?

"For all have sinned, and come short of the glory of God; "Romans 3:23 (KJV)

Don't believe me?

Have you ever told a lie?

"Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbour."

"... all liars, shall have their part in the lake which burneth with fire and brimstone: which is the second death."

Revelation 21:8 (KJV)

Have you ever taken something that did not belong to you?

"Thou shalt not steal."

Exodus 20:15 (KJV)

"Be not deceived: neither... thieves, nor covetous, nor drunkards, nor revilers, nor extortioners, shall inherit the kingdom of God."

1 Corinthians 6:9-10 (KJV)

"For <u>all</u> have sinned, and come short of the glory of God;"

Romans 3:23 (KJV)

"For the wages of sin *is* death; but the gift of God *is* eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord."

Romans 6:23 (KJV)

How do you receive this gift?

"If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness."

1 John 1:9 (KJV)

How does He do this?

"But God commendeth his love toward us, in that, while we were yet sinners, Christ died for us."

Romans 5:8 (KJV)

Why did Christ have to die for you?

"For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life."

Why would he send His son to die for you?

"For he hath made him to be sin for us, who knew no sin; that we might be made the righteousness of God in him."

2 Corinthians 5:21 (KJV)

How do you get this righteousness?

"That if thou shalt confess with thy mouth the Lord Jesus, and shalt believe in thine heart that God hath raised him from the dead, thou shalt be saved."

Romans 10:9 (KJV)

"And every spirit that confesseth not that Jesus Christ is come in the flesh is not of God: and this is that spirit of antichrist," 1 John 4:3 (KJV)

"For with the heart man believeth unto righteousness; and with the mouth confession is made unto salvation."

Romans 10:10 (KJV)

Does this really apply to you?

"For <u>whosoever</u> shall call upon the name of the Lord shall be saved."

Romans 10:13 (KJV)

What do you choose?

Life or death?

Who do you choose?

Jesus is THE LIFE!

Lucifer is the death!









The earth also was corrupt before God, and the earth was filled with violence. And God looked upon the earth, and, behold, it was corrupt; for all flesh had corrupted his way upon the earth.

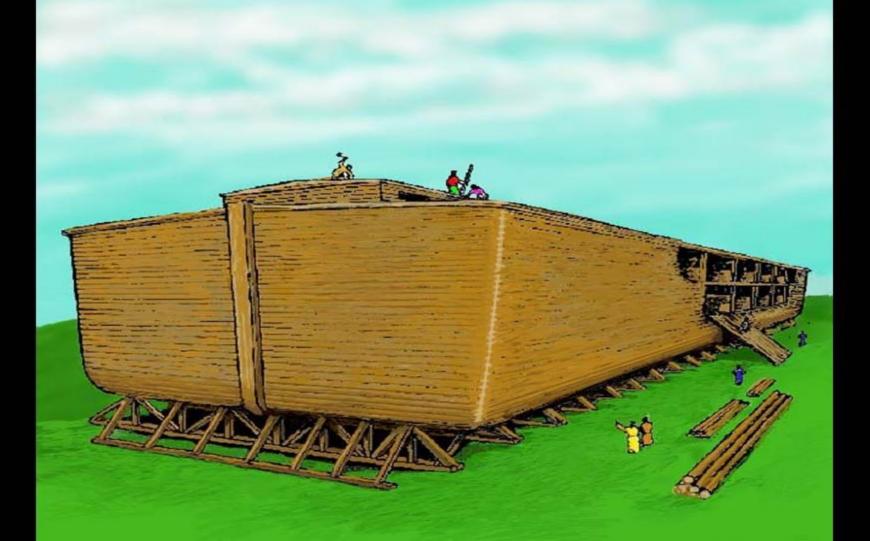
Gen.6:11-12



And God said unto Noah, The end of all flesh is come before me; for the earth is filled with violence through them; and, behold, I will destroy them with the earth. Make thee an ark of gopher wood;

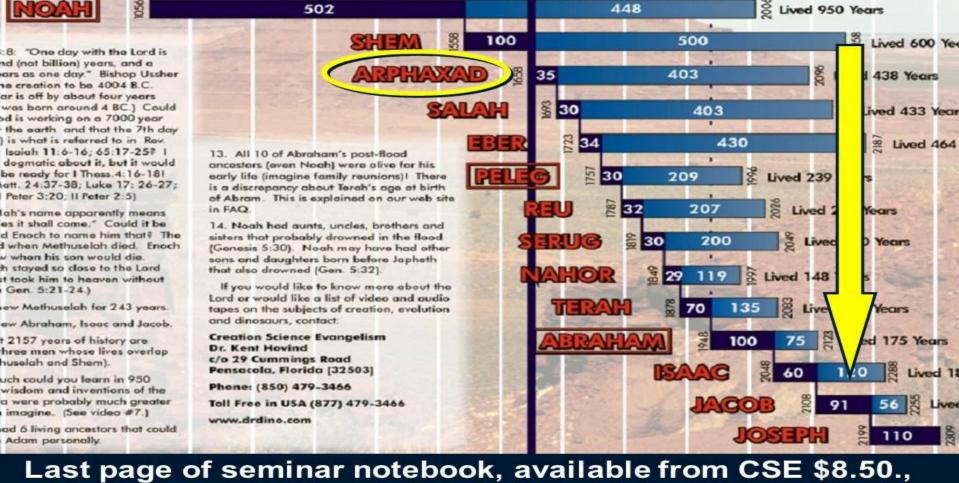
Gen.6:13-14







Grandpa Noah, how come we are the only people in the world?



Last page of seminar notebook, available from CSE \$8.50., 877-479-3466, Also available laminated \$5.

Flood Legends

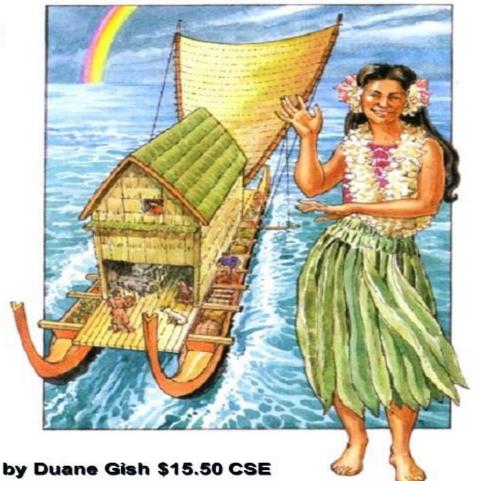
vidences of a worldwid mood can be Lafound in the more than 270 flood stories and historic records found in the world. Flood legends are common in the folk tales of many other countries. Their various interpretations reflect the way details may change when stories are told from one generation to another because of the absence of written records available to them. Let's look at just a few of these stories.

Hawaii

DESIGN

Long after the death of Kuniuhonna, the first man, the world became a wicked, terrible place to live. There was one good man left;

> canoe with a house on it imals. The waters came up d killed all the people. family were saved.

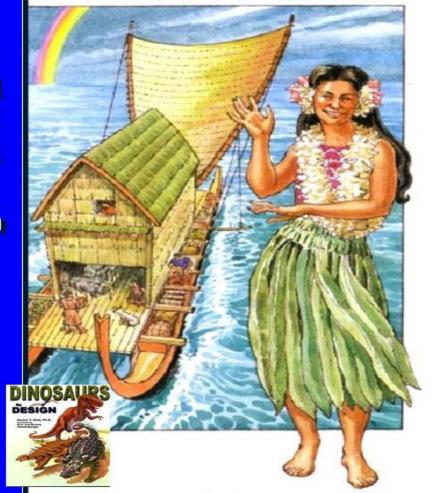


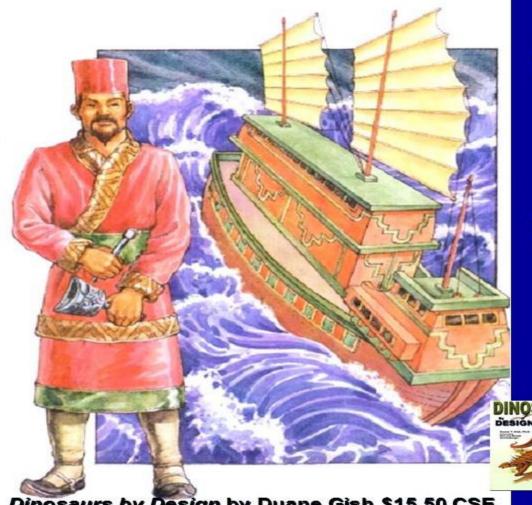
Hawaii

"Long after the death of
Kuniuhonna, the first man,
the world became a wicked
terrible place to live. There
was one good man left; his
name was Nu-u.

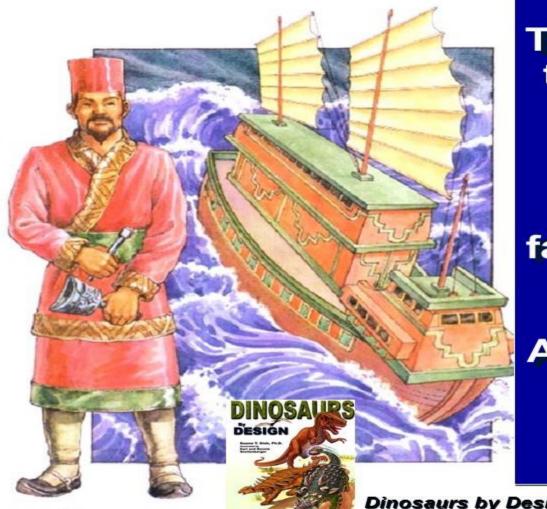
He made a great canoe with a house on it and filled it with animals. The waters came up over all the earth and killed all the people.

Only Nu-u and his family were saved."





One ancient Chinese classic called the "Hihking" tells the story of Fuhi, whom the Chinese consider to be the father of their civilization.



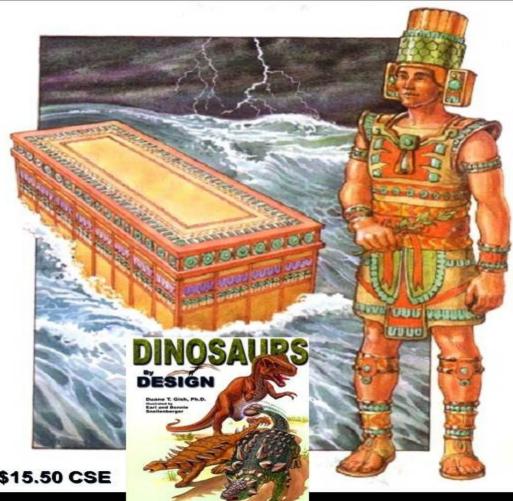
This history records that Fuhi, his wife, three sons and three daughters escaped a great flood. He and his family were the only people alive on earth.

After the great flood they repopulated the world.

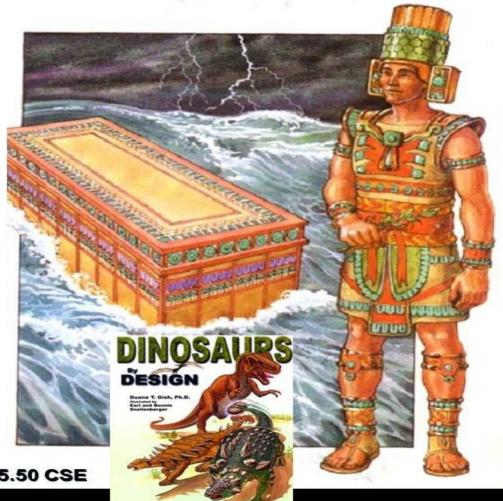
Toltec

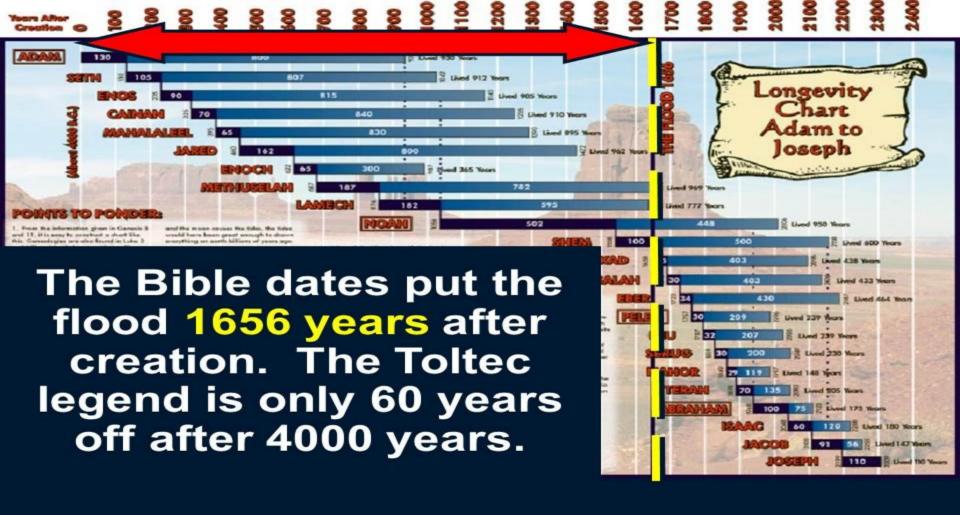
Found in the histories of the Toltec Indians of ancient Mexico is a story of the first world that lasted 1,716 years and was destroyed by a great flood that covered even the highest mountains. Their story tells of a few men who escaped the destruction in a "toptlipetlocali," which means a closed chest. Following the great flood, these men began to multiply and built a very high "zacuali," or a great tower, to provide a safe place if the world were destroyed again. However, the languages became confused, so different language groups wandered to other parts of the world.

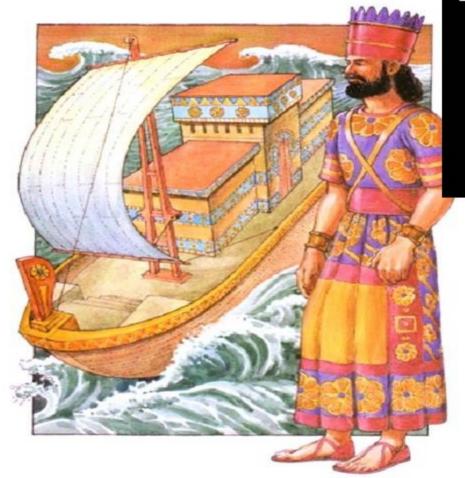
The Toltecs claim they started as a family of seven friends and their wives who spoke the same language. They crossed great waters, lived in caves, and wandered 104 years till they came to Hue Hue Tlapalan (southern Mexico). The story reports that this was 520 years after the great flood.



The Toltec Indians of ancient Mexico said, "the first world lasted 1716 years and was destroyed by a great flood that covered the highest mountains." Only one family named Coxcox survived.







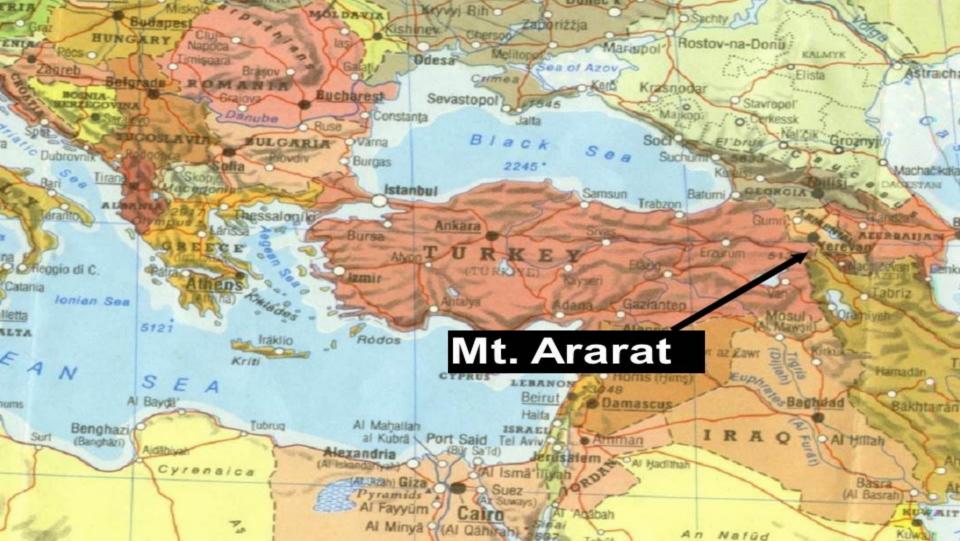
The Atlantis story may even be a flood legend. To Noah, the entire beautiful world sank beneath the waves.

For many more flood legends see:

www.creationism.org

copy, which was handed down from a previous king of Babylon. Because many people lived several hundred years at that time, the account of the Flood could easily have been reported by someone like King Amraphel (Genesis 14:1), who was one of the early kings of Babylonia after the Flood.

Another flood account was prevalent during the time of Alexander the Great, probably recorded by a Babylonian historian finance benefit of the Greeks. He wrote of the ante-diluvian (pre-flood) rulers and compared the time of the Greeks. He wrote of the ante-diluvian (pre-flood) rulers and compared the time of the Greeks.







And the ark rested in the seventh month... upon the mountain(s) of Ararat. Genesis 8:4

There are four theories about the location of Noah's ark.

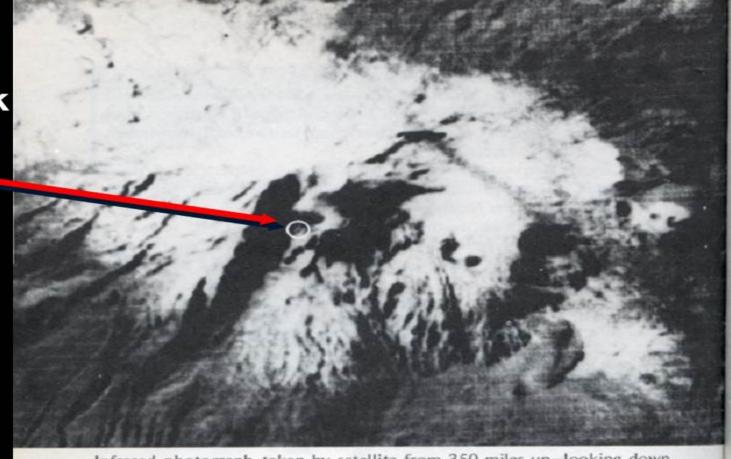
- 1. It was taken apart and the lumber used for buildings.
- 2. It rotted.
- 3. It is still on the mountain.
- 4. It is in the valley

"Many explorers have looked on Mount Ararat for the remains of Noah's Ark. But the Bible states that the ark rested upon the mountains of Ararat (mountains: plural). The Hebrew manuscripts of Genesis reveals that Noah's Ark landed on the mountains of Urartu, which is the whole mountainous region in that area of far eastern Turkey."



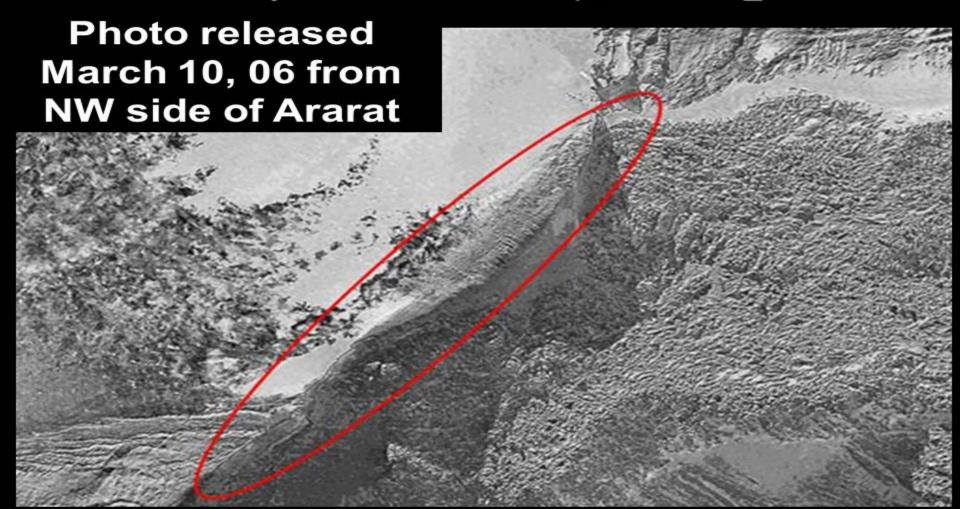


Some think Noah's ark is on Mt. Ararat. Maybe it is. Why would it be in a gorge formed in 1840's?



Infrared photograph taken by satellite from 350 miles up—looking down on Mt. Ararat. The Ark is believed to be in the area indicated by the circle, and the large dark area to the left of the circle is the Ahora Gorge which contains the moving glacier.

www.worldnetdaily.com/news/article.asp?ARTICLE_ID=49203



Article from Life Magazine, Sept. 5, 1960



FROM THE AIR the ship-shaped outline lies in the center of a landslide on the slope of a mountain that is only 25 miles from the Russian border. The landslides are of recent origin, may have packed thick mud and stones around the strange form. The photo was shot by a Turkish aerial survey plane from 10,000 feet.

NOAH'S ARK?

Boatlike form is seen near Ararat

While routinely examining aerial photos of his country, a Turkish army captain suddenly gaped at the picture shown above. There, on a mountain 20 miles south of Mt. Ararat, the biblical landfall of Noah's Ark, was a boat-shaped form about 500 feet long. The captain passed on the word, Soon an expedition including American scientists set out for the site.

At 7,000 feet, in the midst of arevasses and landslide debris, the explorers found a clear, grassy area shaped like a ship and rimmed with steep, packed-earth sides. It's dimensions are close to those given in Genesis: "The length of the ark shall be 300 cubits, the breadth of it 50 cubits, and the height of it 30 cubits," that is, 450x75x45 feet. A quick two-day survey revealed no sign that the object was man made. Yet a scientist in the group says nothing in nature could create such a symmetrical shape. A thorough excavation may be made another year to solve the mystery.



FROM THE GROUND, at the "stern," the 160 foot wide object is seen to have grass covered mound in center. The 20 foot high rim dwarfs expedition's horses.



ON THE RUGGED PLATEAU the smooth oval form in rear contrasts with guillied terrain around it. " Prow" points toward peaks of Agri-Tenduruk area. Turkish soldiers, who escorted the expedition, dynamited section of objects thick packed-earth side. Small bits of wood but no large chunks were found in rim.

Ark ribs are exposed after the 1978 earthquake

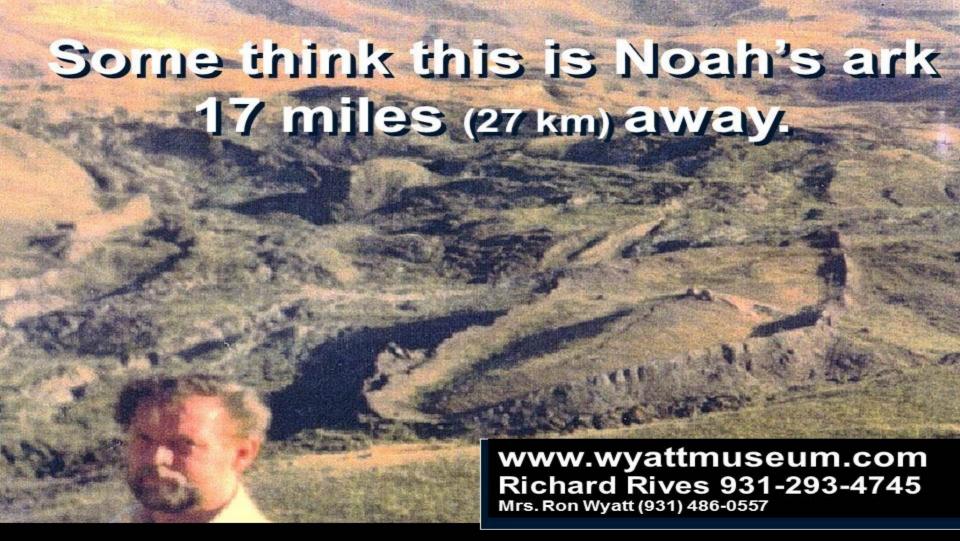


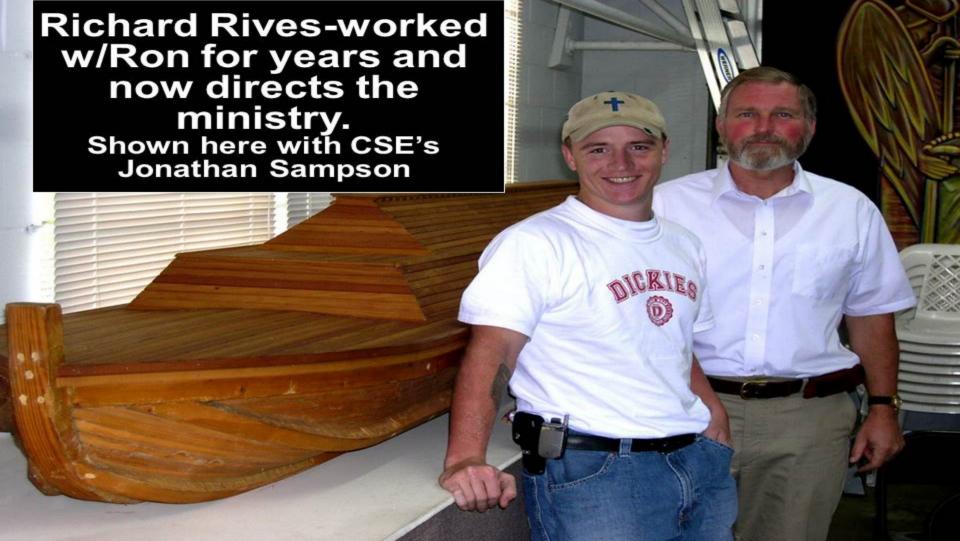
The ark site BEFORE the 1978 earthquake

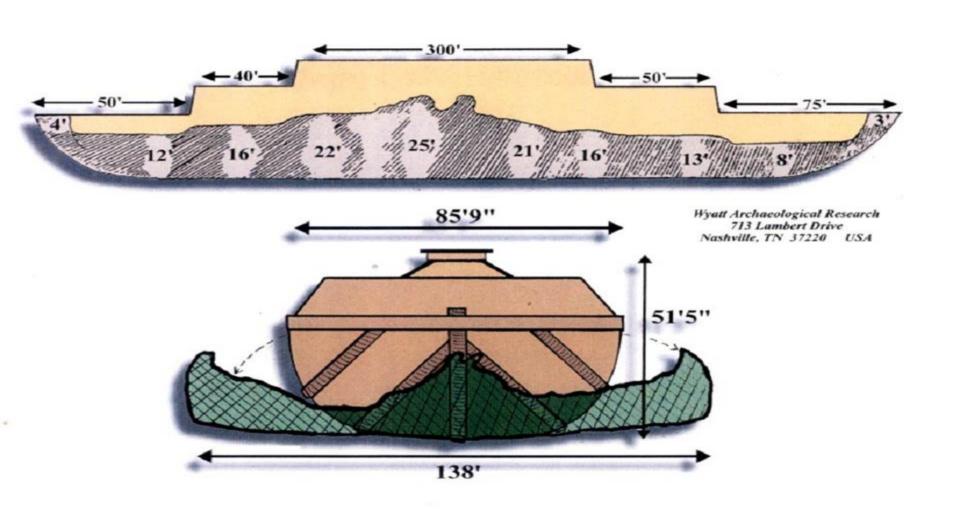


The ark site AFTER the 1978 earthquake



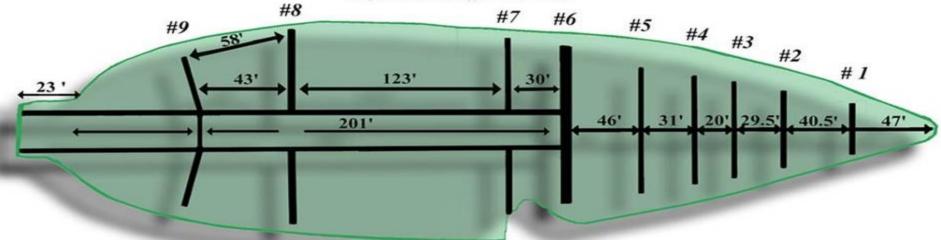




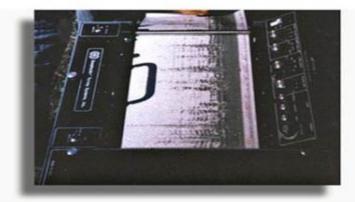


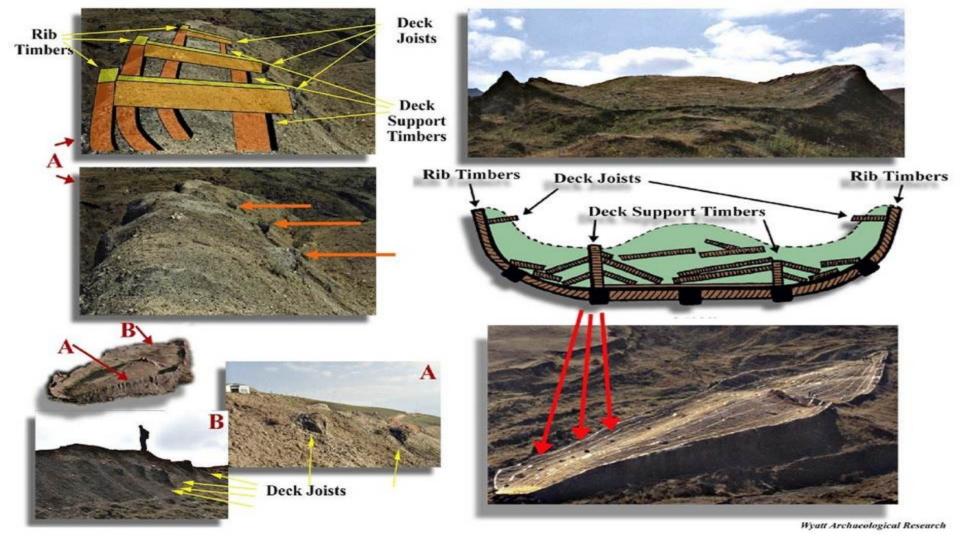
Radar Scans

Radar scans performed with Geophysical Survey System SIR 3. July 1986 through Nov. 1987.











FOSSILIZED RIVET & PATTERNED METAL READINGS





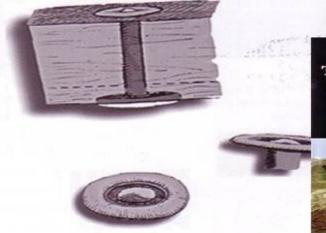
The lip of what appears to be part of a washer.



The first photograph of the specimen, taken on the site.



The impression of what appears to be the round rivet the center of the washer. Note that it is 'flared' as would be expected if it had been struck while hot.



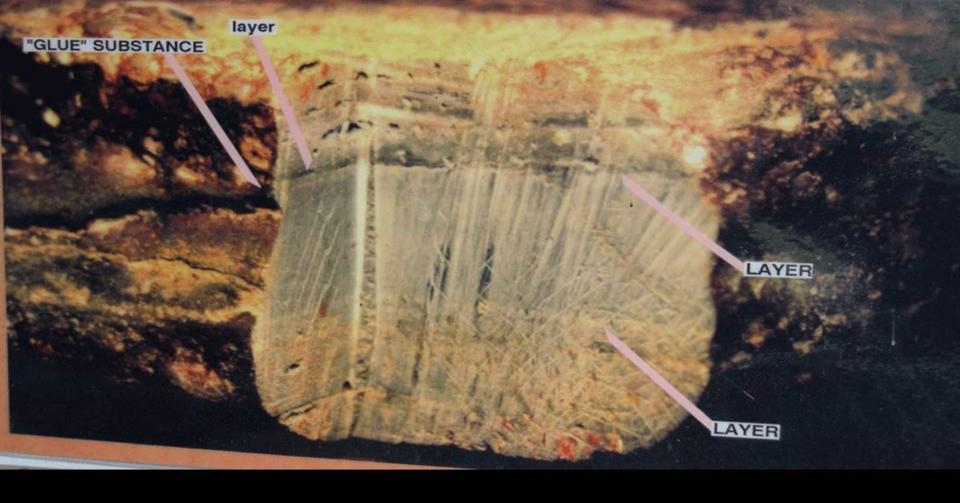
Mary Nell Wyatt

The Boat-Shaped Object
On
Doomsday Mountain

Is This the Remains of Noah's Arb









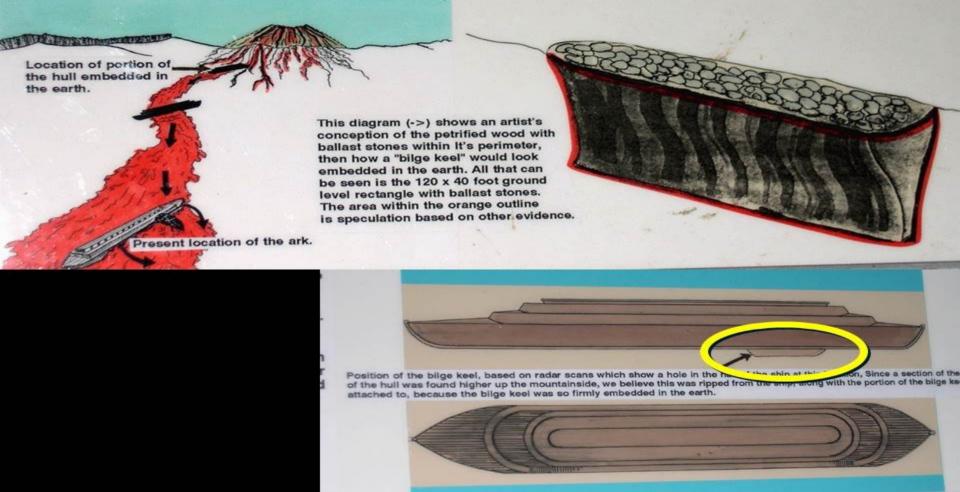
Great information and pictures of the Ark. 274 pages \$29 **Available from** CSE www.drdino.com

Mary Nell Wyatt

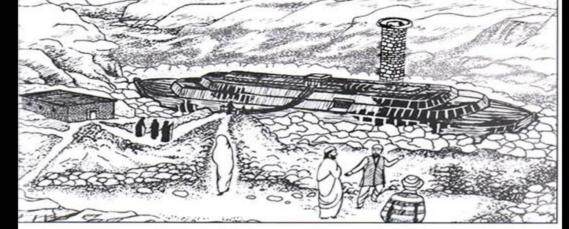
The Boat-Shaped Object
on
Doomsday Mountain

Is This the Remains of Noah's Ark?





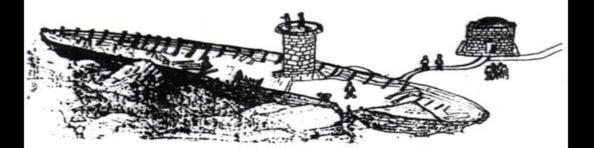
Reconstruction of the original shape of the ark, based on metal detector scans, sub-surface interface radar scans, and visible members. Symmetry has been assumed in some areas which have suffered more damage. This is only a simple outline of the does not reflect the door or the 2 extra keelsons on each side.



Above- An illustration Ron had drawn depicting the (theoretical) remains of the ark before it slid down the mountain valley to the present site of the boat shaped object. It shows a tower where he found crumbled remains in a circular shape. (see page 63) It also shows another building whose foundation remains are also present.

Left- The Turkish Air Force photo taken in the 1950s in which the site was first noted. Ron believed the mudflow, seen pearly here which begins above the site at the top of the photo and flows down the mountain valley to the north, was not deteriorating remains of a lava flow which carried the ark to the present site.

Below- Ron's illutration of the (theoretical) ark remains after it had flowed down the mountain valley to its present ocation. It shows a circular tower inside the site- he describes this on page 51, It also shows another building whose emains he also found. The remains of this building are located where the visitors center now sits. Ron based this bustration on an early theory that perhaps the ship was not initially covered by the lava but simply carried down the mountain valley by it. Then it was covered by mud flow in later years which effected the fossilization process. The presence of the tower and building here perhaps indicate that the early inhabitants knew what it was and that it was bearing visible for a period of time before it was finally covered and hidden from view.



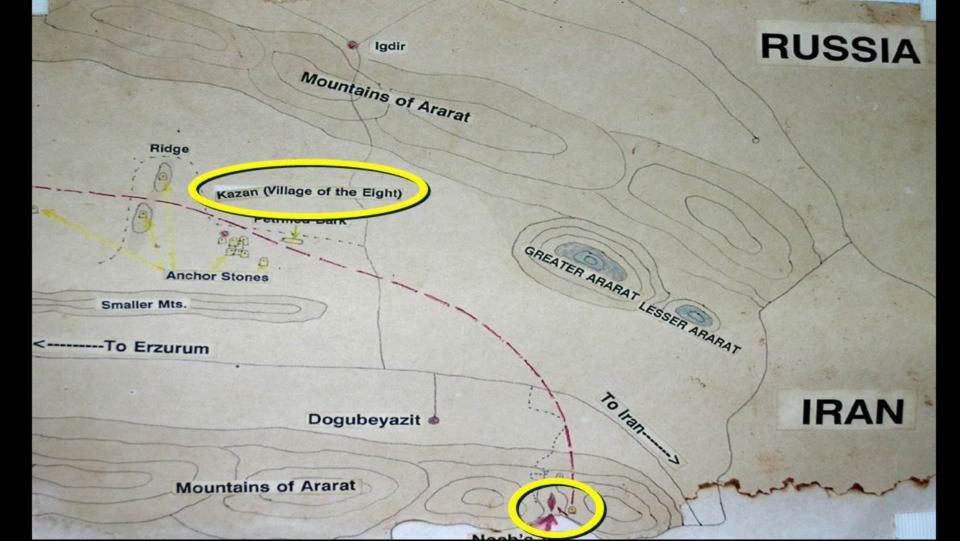
Mary Nell Wyatt

The Boat-Shaped Object on Doomsday Mountain

Is This the Remains of Noah's Ark?



P. 67 Available from CSE



The modern village of Kazan, Turkey



1

Government confirms: "This is Noah's Ark"

ON June 20, 1987, the Turkish Government established the new 'Noah's Ark National Park,' following confirmation by a Govt commission of the investigative work on a site by the American Ronald E Wyatt.

The site was first brought to attention in the late 1950s after high altitude aerial survey photographs revealed a boatshaped structure in the mountains of the Ararat region.

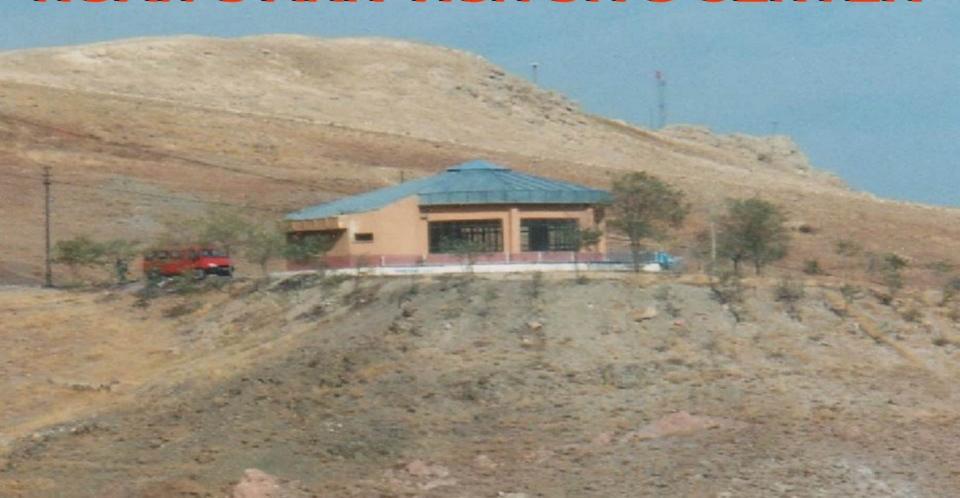
Although initially dismissed by some, Ron Wyatt, an anesthetist from Nashville,

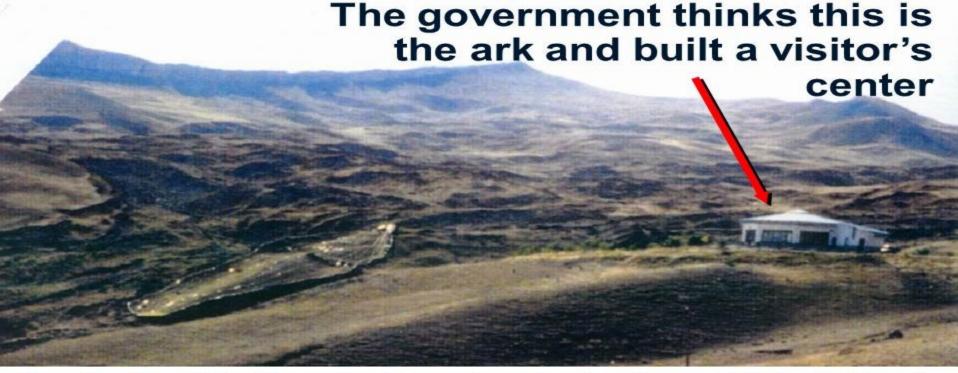


Noah's Ark- The gov't. declared it a national park and built this visitors center.

Paper available from CSE or Wyattmuseum.com

NOAH'S ARK VISITOR'S CENTER





Creation Ex Nihilo Magazine (a great publication) has published at least two articles claiming this is not the ark. I have studied their claims carefully. I recommend you study the evidence yourself and give Ron Wyatt's ministry a chance to defend itself against their charges before you decide what to believe. While I am not positive, the evidence for this site being the real ark looks very convincing to me.

The length of the ark shall be three hundred cubits, the breadth of it fifty cubits, and the height of it thirty cubits.

Genesis 6:15

Ark dimensions given in cubits

What's a cubit?

Babylonian

Royal Cubit

Egyptian Cubit 20.67 in

Hebrews

19.8 in

17.6 in

20.4 in

17.5 in

long

short

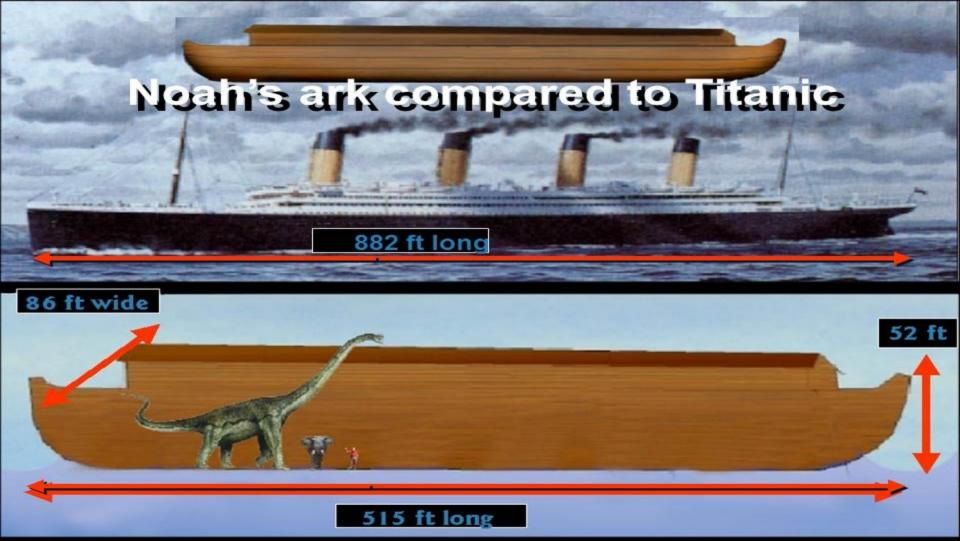
long (Ezekiel 40:5 & 43:13)

CUBIT

short

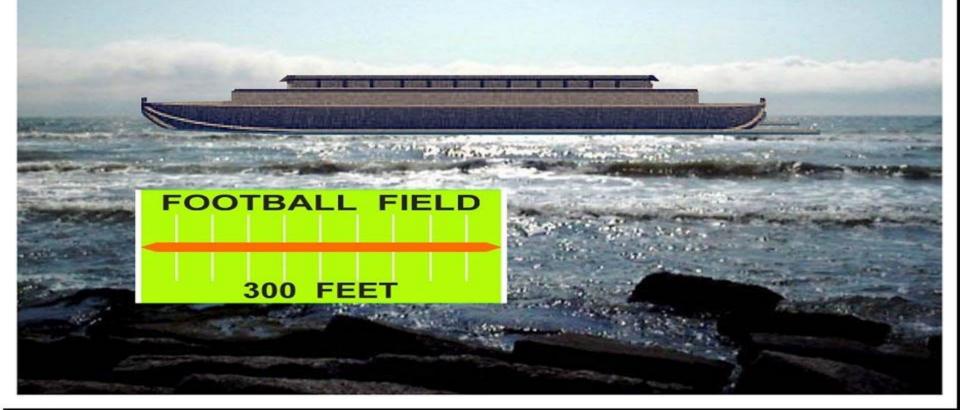




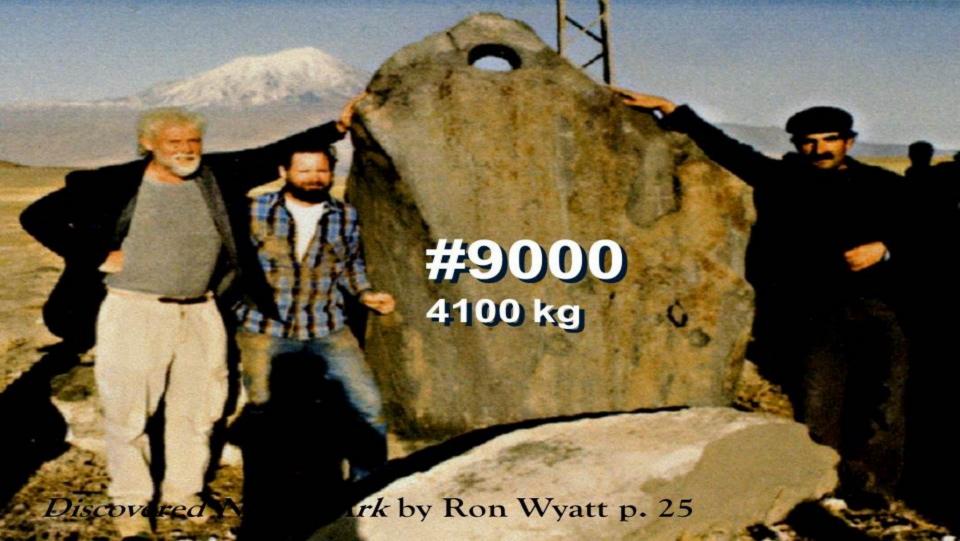


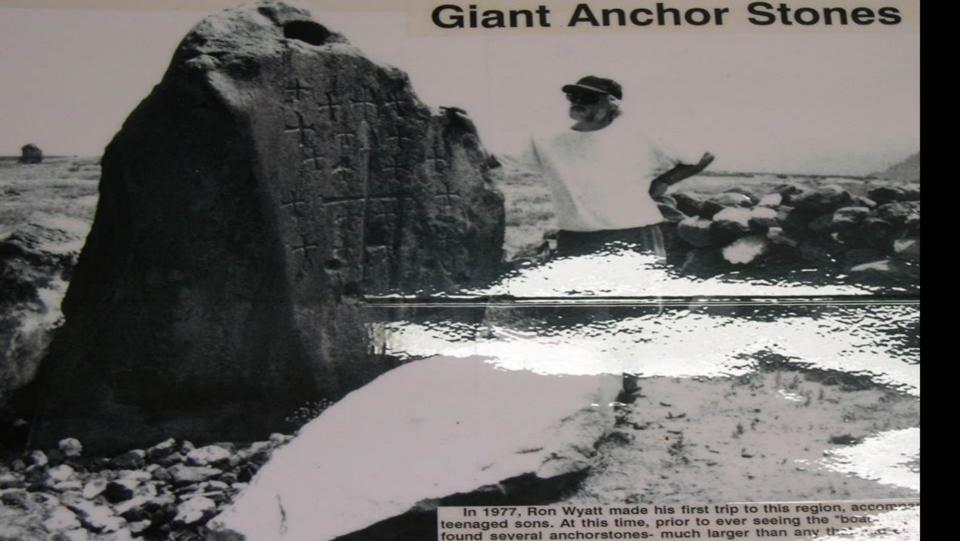
NOAH'S ARK

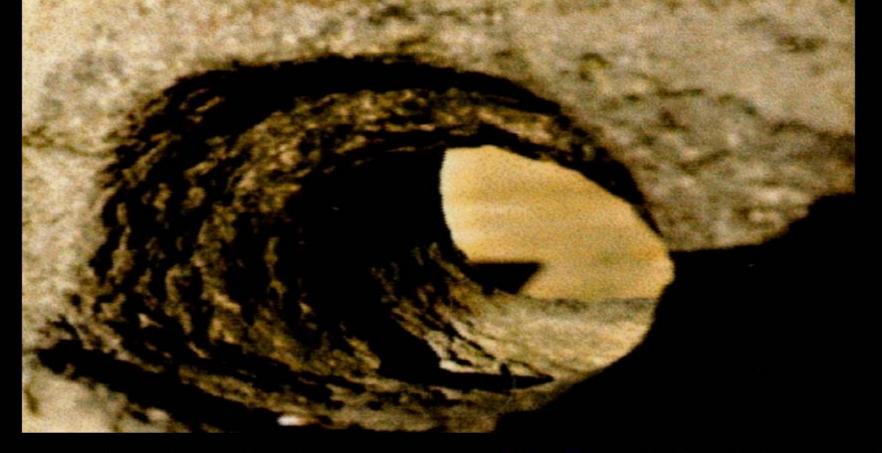
300 Royal Egyptian Cubits X (20.6 inches) = 515 feet



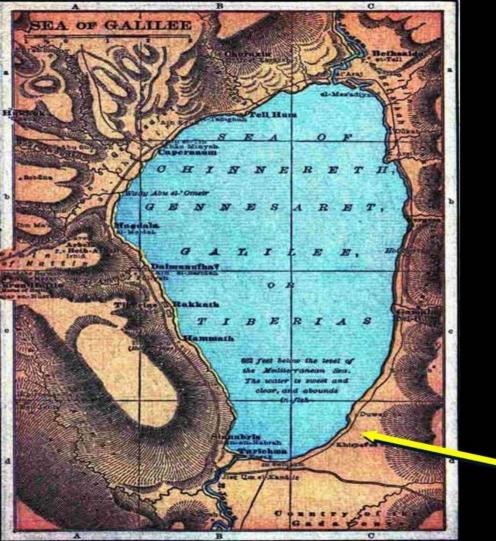








These giant rocks have curved holes drilled through the top. The bigger rocks have bigger holes.



During the drought of the late 90's and early 2000's the Sea of Galilee dropped way below normal levels exposing scores of small anchor stones used over the centuries on boats there. They are in a house called "The **House of Anchor** Stones."

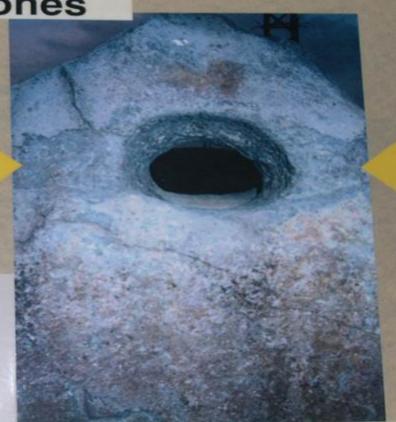
Ark landed, ropes taken off anchor stones. **RUSSIA** GREATER ARARAT LESSER ARARAT Over the next 4400 years the ark drifts to here in lava and mud flows Anchor Stones Smaller Mts. <-----To Erzurum Dogubeyazit 6 **Mountains of Ararat**

The Rope Holes in the Anchorstones

One of the most compelling features of these massive stones.

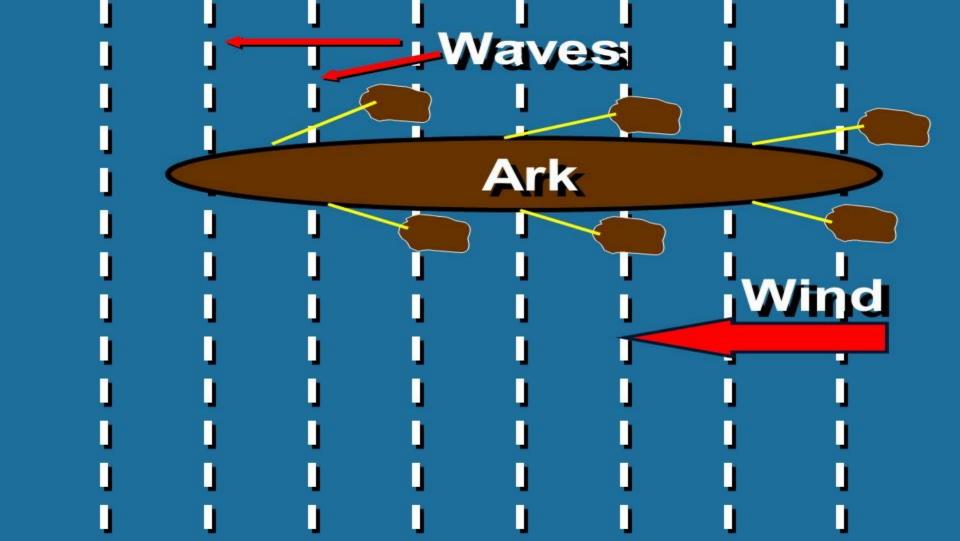
One of the most compelling features of these massive, stones which verifies their identification as being giant "anchorstones, is the design of the holes at the top.

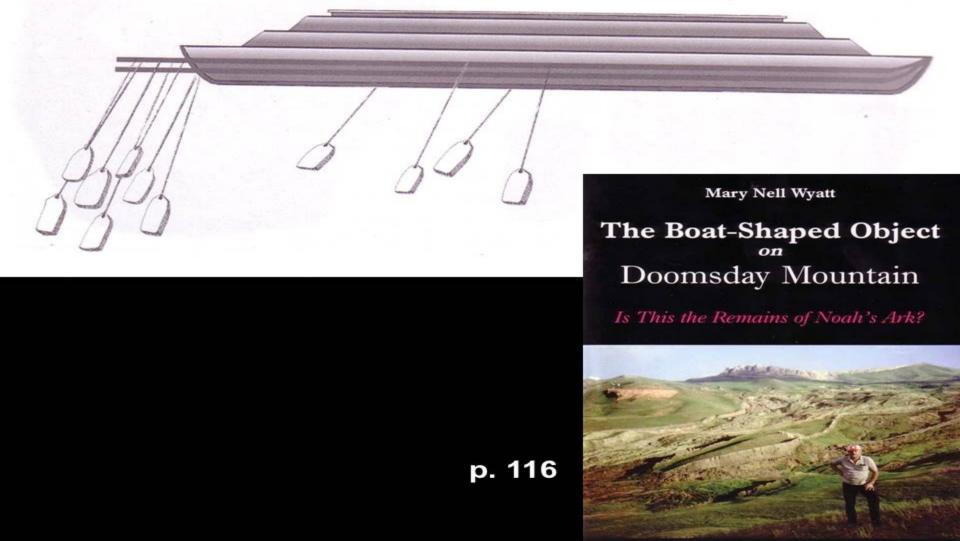
This particular one has an OUTSIDE diameter on one side of 7 inches; on the other side it 's OUTSIDE diameter is 5 inches; and finally, the INSIDE diameter widens out to 9 inches. This unique design, which required a great deal of effort on the part of whoever fashioned it, has a very important function ONLY if the stores are indeed anchorstones. With this design, a knot tied in the open (attaching the stone to the vessel) and pulled into the hole swell up when submerged in water. When the knot swelling in word inside the hole, it would have been held snuggly within confines of the interior of the hole, effectively preventing the room from wearing and fraying, possibly in two, due to the intense



Both photos are of the anchorstone that is in the "Village of the Eight" (Kazan) and can be seen in full in the photographs with Ron standing next to it. This is also the







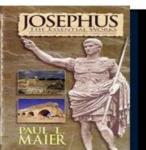
Dr. Hovind,
I heard your seminar about Noah's ark
having big rocks hanging over the side.
You are so stupid! Don't you know, if he
had rocks hanging all over the boat it would
slow him down? Atheist

A former preacher turned atheist debated me and said Noah's ark could not float because a 6 master over 300 feet long had not been able to sail due to continued leaks from the sails twisting the ship.



Rain poured down incessantly for 40 days, covering the earth to the depth of 15 cubits. After the rain stopped, the flood continued for 150 days, until the water level started dropping, beginning with the seventh day of the seventh month. When the ark settled on a mountain top in Armenia, Noah released a raven to see if any part of the earth had emerged from the flood, but the bird returned to Noah. A week later, he sent out a dove, and it returned marked with clay and an olive branch in its mouth. Noah released the animals from the ark seven days later, sacrificed to God, and feasted with his family. The Armenians call that spot "the Landing Place," and they show its remains to this day.

This flood and the ark are mentioned by Berosus the Chaldean, who writes: "A portion of the vessel still survives in Armenia on the mountain of the Cordyaeans, and people carry off pieces of the bitumen as talismans." Nicolas of Damascus relates the story as follows: "In



Josephus, p. 20



